STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

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	Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	2012-26655 2001, 2006 February 23, 2012 Newaygo	
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: C. Adam Purne	ell		
HEARING DECIS	SION		
This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 following Claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on February 23, 2012, from Lansing, Michigan Participants on behalf of Claimant included Department of Human Services (Department) included (Lead Eligibility Specialist.			
ISSUE			
Did the Department properly \square deny Claimant's for:	application 🛚 cl	lose Claimant's case	
Food Assistance Program (FAP)?		sistance (AMP)? assistance (SDA)? ent and Care (CDC)?	
FINDINGS OF F	<u>ACT</u>		
The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:			
1. Claimant ☐ applied for benefits ☒ received be	enefits for:		

Adult Medical Assistance (AMP).

☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA).

Child Development and Care (CDC).

Family Independence Program (FIP).

Food Assistance Program (FAP).

Medical Assistance (MA).

2.	On October 3, 2011, the Department ☐ denied Claimant's application ☐ closed Claimant's case due to failure to timely return a redetermination packet (DHS-1010).
3.	On October 3, 2011, the Department sent Claimant Claimant's Authorized Representative (AR) notice of the denial. Closure.
4.	On December 27, 2011, Claimant filed a hearing request, protesting the ☐ denial of the application. ☐ closure of the case.
	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
	epartment policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the dges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).
Re 42 Ag 31	The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal esponsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence ency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1997 AACS R 400.3101-31. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective etober 1, 1996.
pro imp Re Ag	The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) ogram] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is plemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal egulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence ency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1997 AACS R 0.3001-3015.
Se Th Ag	The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of the Social curity Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). e Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence ency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MCL 0.105.
	The Adult Medical Program (AMP) is established by 42 USC 1315, and is ministered by the Department pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq.
for Se	The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program, which provides financial assistance disabled persons, is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department of Human rvices (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA ogram pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1998-2000 AACS R 400.3151-400.3180.

☐ The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is established by Titles IVA, IV
and XX of the Social Security Act, the Child Care and Development Block Grant
1990, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 199
The program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 9
and 99. The Department provides services to adults and children pursuant to MC
400.14(1) and 1997 AACS R 400.5001-5015.

Additionally, the claimant contends that she did not receive the redetermination packet in the mail. Michigan adopts the common-law presumption that letters have been received after being placed in the mail in the due course of business. *Good v Detroit Automobile Inter-Insurance Exchange*, 67 Mich App 270 (1976). The proper mailing and addressing of a letter creates a presumption of receipt. That presumption may be rebutted by evidence. *Stacey v Sankovich*, 19 Mich App 638 (1969); *Good v Detroit Automobile Inter-Insurance Exchange*, 67 Mich App 270 (1976). The law allows evidence of business custom or usage to establish the fact of mailing without further testimony by an employee of compliance with the custom. *Good, supra*. Such evidence is admissible without further evidence from the records custodian that a particular letter was actually mailed. *Good supra* at 275. "Moreover, the fact that a letter was mailed with a return address but was not returned lends strength to the presumption that the letter was received." *Id* at 276. The challenging party may rebut the presumption that the letter was received by presenting evidence to the contrary. See *id*.

The department has produced sufficient evidence of its business custom with respect to addressing and mailing, the mere execution of the letter in the usual course of business rebuttably presumes subsequent receipt by the addressee. *Good v Detroit Automobile Inter-Insurance Exchange*, 67 Mich App 270 (1976). The department has produced sufficient evidence of its business custom with respect to the mailing of the redetermination packet, allowing it to rely on this presumption. Moreover, Claimant has not come forward with sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption.

Based upon the above Findings of Fact a stated on the record, the Administrative Lav	nd Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons w Judge concludes that the Department			
☐ properly denied Claimant's application ☐ properly closed Claimant's case	☐ improperly denied Claimant's application ☐ improperly closed Claimant's case			
for: 🛮 AMP 🗌 FIP 🗌 FAP 🗌 MA 🗌 SDA 🗌 CDC.				
DECISION AND ORDER				
The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, finds that the Department ightharpoonup did not act properly.				

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Accordingly, the Department's ⊠ AMP ☐ FIP ☐ FAP ☐ MA ☐ s ☑ AFFIRMED ☐ REVERSED for the reasons stated on the re	SDA CDC decision ecord.
THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED TO DO THE FOLLOWING THE DATE OF MAILING OF THIS DECISION AND ORDER:	G WITHIN 10 DAYS OF
<u>/s/</u>	
	C. Adam Purnell
	lministrative Law Judge laura Corrigan, Director
1 01 10	iddid Corrigan, Director

Department of Human Services

Date Signed: 2/24/12

Date Mailed: 2/24/12

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome
 of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration <u>MAY</u> be granted for any of the following reasons:
- · misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
- typographical errors, mathematical error , or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant;
- the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative Hearings
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request
P.O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

CAP/ds

