STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.:201Issue No.:301Case No.:Image: Case No.:Hearing Date:JanCounty:Way

201214832 3019

January 3, 2011 Wayne County DHS (76)

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Andrea J. Bradley

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 following Claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on January 3, 2012, from Detroit, Michigan. Participants on behalf of Claimant included the Claimant, **Detroit**. Participants on behalf of Department of Human Services (Department) included **Detroit**, Assistance Payment Supervisor, and **Detroit**, Assistance Payment Worker.

ISSUE

Due to excess assets, did the Department properly deny the Claimant's application Close Claimant's case for:

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Family Independence Program (FIP)?

Medical Assistance (MA)?

Adult Medical Assistance (AMP)?
State Disability Assistance (SDA)?

Food Assistance Program (FAP)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, including the testimony at the hearing, finds as material fact:

1. Claimant applied for benefits received benefits for:



Family Independence Program (FIP). Medical Assistance (MA). Adult Medical Assistance (AMP). State Disability Assistance (SDA).

Food Assistance Program (FAP)

- Due to excess assets, on October 1, 2011, the Department
 ☐ denied Claimant's application.
 ☑ closed Claimant's case.
- On September 20, 2011, the Department sent
 Claimant
 Claimant's Authorized Representative (AR)
 notice of the
 denial. ⊠ closure.
- 4. On October 18, 2011, Claimant filed a hearing request, protesting the \Box denial of the application. \boxtimes closure of the case.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The Adult Medical Program (AMP) is established by 42 USC 1315, and is administered by the Department pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*.

☐ The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 42 USC 601, *et seq.* The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3101 through Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996.

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.

The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MCL 400.105.

The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program, which provides financial assistance for disabled persons, is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and 2000 AACS, Rule 400.3151 through Rule 400.3180.

Additionally, the Department policy states that the asset limit for FAP program benefits is \$5,000. BEM 400. A person's homestead is excluded from the asset test. BEM 400. Further, an income-producing rental property is excluded from the FAP asset test if the owner is renting that property to produce income. BEM 400. With respect to the

inclusion of land contract property, a person who sells property on land contract is holder of the promisorry note, not the land. BEM 400. The note is then considered to be that person's asset, and the value of the note is considered in the FAP asset test. BEM 400.

In this case, the Department testified that it did not have first hand knowledge as to the value of the land contract, nor did it have any knowledge regarding the value of the rental property. The Claimant offered credible and unrebutted testimony that he sold land on land contract, but did not know the current value of that property. The Department had no evidence to establish that the promissory note had value that exceeded the FAP asset test. And the Claimant's statements did not support such a finding. The Claimant then testified that he is joint owner of a second property that is an income-producing rental property. According to Department policy, that property would be excluded from the FAP asset test.

Based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, the Administrative Law Judge concludes that, due to excess assets, the Department

properly denied Claimant's application	improperly denied Claimant's application
properly closed Claimant's case	\boxtimes improperly closed Claimant's case

for: \square AMP \square FIP \square MA \square SDA \boxtimes FAP.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, finds that the Department i did act properly. i did not act properly.

Accordingly, the Department's \square AMP \square FIP \square MA \square SDA \boxtimes FAP decision is \square AFFIRMED \boxtimes REVERSED for the reasons stated on the record.

THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED TO DO THE FOLLOWING WITHIN 10 DAYS OF THE DATE OF MAILING OF THIS DECISION AND ORDER:

- 1. The Department shall remove the negative action dated October 1, 2011 and reinstate the Claimant's FAP benefits in accordance with Department policy.
- 2. The Department shall verify the Claimant's assets, including the value of the note for the land contract, in accordance with Department policy.

3. The Department shall supplement the Claimant for lost benefits he was eligible and otherwise qualified to receive but-for the negative action taken.

Andrea J. Bradley Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: January 6, 2012

Date Mailed: January 6, 2012

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
 - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
 - typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
 - the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P. O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

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CC:

