

**STATE OF MICHIGAN
MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH**

P. O. Box 30763, Lansing, MI 48909
(877) 833-0870; Fax (517) 334-9505

IN THE MATTER OF:

██████████,

**Docket No. 2011-51691 CMH
Case No. 72079005**

Appellant

_____ /

DECISION AND ORDER

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 upon the Appellant's request for a hearing.

After due notice, a hearing was held on Wednesday, ██████████. ██████████, Appellant's mother, appeared on behalf of the Appellant.

██████████, Due Process Hearings Coordinator, appeared on behalf of ██████████ County Community Mental Health (CMH or the Department). ██████████, Utilization Care Coordinator, appeared as a witness for the Department.

ISSUE

Did the CMH properly determine Appellant's respite hours?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. The Appellant is a Medicaid beneficiary who has been receiving services through ██████████ County Community Mental Health (CMH) for many years. (Exhibit A, Testimony)
2. CMH is under contract with the Department of Community Health (MDCH) to provide Medicaid covered services to people who reside in the CMH service area.
3. The Appellant is a ██████ year old Medicaid beneficiary whose date of birth is ██████████. (Exhibit A, p 1). The Appellant is prescribed phenobarbital, methylphenidate, and thorazine. (Exhibit A, p 18).

4. The Appellant lives with her parents and sister. (Exhibit A, page 3).
5. Appellant's parents do not work nor are they in school. Appellant's mother is currently recovering from a car accident and has a 10 pound lifting restriction. Appellant's stepfather recently sustained a back injury and is not able to lift her. He also has a knee injury and will need a knee replacement. (Exhibit A, p 3, Testimony).
6. On [REDACTED], Appellant's mother requested 67 hours per month of respite. On [REDACTED], CMH conducted a Respite Assessment. As a result of the Assessment, Appellant's mother was approved for 30 hours of respite per month. (Exhibit A, pp 1-4)
7. On [REDACTED], CMH sent an Adequate Action Notice to the Appellant's mother notifying her that the request for 67 respite hours per month was denied, but that 30 respite hours per month were approved. The notice included rights to a Medicaid fair hearing. (Exhibit A, pp 5-6).
8. The Michigan Administrative Hearing System received Appellant's request for hearing on [REDACTED]. (Exhibit 1).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

Title XIX of the Social Security Act, enacted in 1965, authorizes Federal grants to States for medical assistance to low-income persons who are age 65 or over, blind, disabled, or members of families with dependent children or qualified pregnant women or children. The program is jointly financed by the Federal and State governments and administered by States. Within broad Federal rules, each State decides eligible groups, types and range of services, payment levels for services, and administrative and operating procedures. Payments for services are made directly by the State to the individuals or entities that furnish the services.

42 CFR 430.0

The State plan is a comprehensive written statement submitted by the agency describing the nature and scope of its Medicaid program and giving assurance that it will be administered in conformity with the specific requirements of

██████████
Docket No. 2011-51691 CMH
Decision and Order

title XIX, the regulations in this Chapter IV, and other applicable official issuances of the Department. The State plan contains all information necessary for CMS to determine whether the plan can be approved to serve as a basis for Federal financial participation (FFP) in the State program.

42 CFR 430.10

Section 1915(b) of the Social Security Act provides:

The Secretary, to the extent he finds it to be cost-effective and efficient and not inconsistent with the purposes of this subchapter, may waive such requirements of section 1396a of this title (other than subsection(s) of this section) (other than sections 1396a(a)(15), 1396a(bb), and 1396a(a)(10)(A) of this title insofar as it requires provision of the care and services described in section 1396d(a)(2)(C) of this title) as may be necessary for a State...

The State of Michigan has opted to simultaneously utilize the authorities of the 1915(b) and 1915(c) programs to provide a continuum of services to disabled and/or elderly populations. Under approval from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) the Department of Community Health (MDCH) operates a section 1915(b) and 1915(c) Medicaid Managed Specialty Services and Support program waiver. CMH contracts with the Michigan Department of Community Health to provide services under the waiver pursuant to its contract obligations with the Department.

Medicaid beneficiaries are entitled to medically necessary Medicaid covered services for which they are eligible. Services must be provided in the appropriate scope, duration, and intensity to reasonably achieve the purpose of the covered service. See *42 CFR 440.230*.

CMH witness ██████████, Utilization Care Coordinator, has a Masters of Science degree and is a Limited License Psychologist (LLP). ██████████ reviewed and scored Appellant's Respite Assessment and testified that Appellant was awarded 2 respite hours because Appellant's primary caregiver has a health, psychological or emotional condition that interferes with the provision of care and 2 respite hours because Appellant required 1-2 interventions per night. ██████████ testified that Appellant was also awarded 3 respite hours because she requires assistance with oral care, 2 respite hours because Appellant can eat independently after set up, 4 respite hours because Appellant requires total physical assistance with bathing, 4 respite hours because Appellant requires total physical assistance with toileting, and 4 respite hours because Appellant requires total physical assistance with dressing. Finally, ██████████ testified that Appellant was granted 4 respite hours because she requires total physical assistance with grooming, 3 respite hours because she requires medication

administration (over age 18), and 2 respite hours because she is non-verbal; for a total of 30 respite hours per month.

██████████ explained that Appellant's overall number of respite hours may be lower than it had been previously because the respite assessment scoring tool changed in ██████████. Under the prior scoring tool, individuals were granted 20 respite hours per month from the start; then additional hours were added depending on specific needs. Under the current scoring tool, individuals are no longer granted 20 respite hours up front. ██████████ explained that ██████████ County realized that it was an outlier with regard to granting 20 respite hours up front and that it changed its policy to come in-line with other counties in the State. ██████████ also indicated that the new scoring tool is now much more objective and needs based. ██████████ testified that the person who conducts the interview for the assessment is not privy to the scoring system; hence there is no risk that the interviewer could manipulate the answers to affect the score. Finally, ██████████ testified that, in her professional opinion, the 30 respite hours approved per month accurately reflects the needs of the Appellant.

██████████, Appellant's mother, testified that Appellant has been receiving 67 respite hours for the past two years and has been receiving Medicaid services her whole life. Appellant is in school 8 hours per day, Monday through Friday. ██████████ testified that she uses her respite hours to care for her own health issues, clean the home, and rest and relax. ██████████ indicated that she does not have any natural supports in the area, that her other daughter is the paid respite worker and that her husband is the paid chore provider through DHS Home-Help. ██████████ testified that she is looking into getting community living supports (CLS) with the help of her caseworker.

The *Medicaid Provider Manual, Mental Health/Substance Abuse*, section articulates Medicaid policy for Michigan. Its states with regard to respite:

17.3.J. RESPITE CARE SERVICES

Services that are provided to assist in maintaining a goal of living in a natural community home by temporarily relieving the unpaid primary caregiver (e.g., family members and/or adult family foster care providers) and is provided during those portions of the day when the caregivers are not being paid to provide care. Respite is not intended to be provided on a continuous, long-term basis where it is a part of daily services that would enable an unpaid caregiver to work elsewhere full time. In those cases, community living supports, or other services of paid support or training staff, should be used. Decisions about the methods and amounts of respite should be decided during person-centered planning. PIHPs may not require active clinical treatment as a prerequisite for receiving respite care. These services do

not supplant or substitute for community living support or other services of paid support/training staff.

*MPM, Mental Health and Substance Abuse Section,
July 1, 2011, Page 110.*

The CMH is mandated by federal regulation to perform an assessment for the Appellant to determine what Medicaid services are medically necessary and determine the amount or level of the Medicaid medically necessary services that are needed to reasonably achieve his goals.

Applying the facts of this case to the documentation in the respite assessment supports the CMH position that the Appellant's mother's respite needs could be met with the 30 respite hours per month authorized.

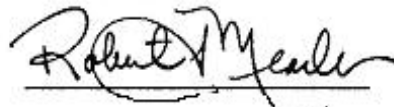
The Appellant bears the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the approved 30 hours of respite per month was inadequate to meet the Appellant's mother's needs. The Appellant's mother did not prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the 30 respite hours per month determined to be medically necessary by CMH in accordance to the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) was inadequate to meet her needs. The Department adequately explained what led to a decrease in Appellant's respite hours and how it calculated the number of respite hours that are medically necessary.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that the 50 respite hours per month approved for Appellant's mother are appropriate.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

The CMH decision is **AFFIRMED**.



Robert J. Meade
Administrative Law Judge
for Janet Olszewski, Director
Michigan Department of Community Health

cc:

[REDACTED]

Docket No. 2011-51691 CMH
Decision and Order

Date Mailed: 10/13/2011

***** NOTICE *****

The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.