STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH

P.O. Box 30763, Lansing, MI 48909 (877) 833-0870; Fax: (517) 334-9505

IN THE MATTER OF:

Docket No. 2011-52133 HHS Case No.

Appellant

DECISION AND ORDER

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 42 CFR 431.200 *et seq.*, upon the Appellant's request for a hearing.

After due notice, a hearing was held on appeared on the Appellant's behalf. represented the Department. witness for the Department.

, husband, , Appeals Review Officer, , Adult Services Worker, appeared as a

<u>ISSUE</u>

Did the Department properly deny the Appellant's Home Help Services (HHS) application?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. On specifically requesting that her husband be the provider for assistance with personal care and housekeeping services. (Exhibit 1, pages 6-7)
- 2. On a second of the Department received a letter from the Appellant's oncologist indicating the Appellant's husband is her primary caregiver. (Exhibit 1, page 8)
- 3. Department policy states that HHS may not be authorized for services that a responsible relative, such as a spouse, is able and available to provide, and that HHS payments can not be made to a responsible relative. (Adult Services Manual (ASM) 363, 9-1-2008; Adult Services Glossary)
- 4. Or Appellant indicating that her HHS application was denied because of the policy stating payment cannot be made to a responsible/available

spouse. (Exhibit 1, pages 9-12)

5. On contesting the denial of her HHS application. (Exhibit 1, page 4)

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

Home Help Services (HHS) are provided to enable functionally limited individuals to live independently and receive care in the least restrictive, preferred settings. These activities must be certified by a physician and may be provided by individuals or by private or public agencies.

Adult Services Manual (ASM 363) 9-1-2008, addresses when Home Help Services can be authorized:

APPLICATION FORSERVICES

The client must sign the DHS-390, Adult Services Application (RFF 390) to receive independent living services. An authorized representative or other person acting for the client may sign the DHS-390, **if** the client:

- Is incapacitated.
- Has been determined incompetent.
- Has an emergency.

A client unable to write may sign with an "X" witnessed by one other person (e.g. relative or department staff). Adult services workers must not sign the DHS-390 on behalf of the client.

The ILS specialist must determine eligibility within the 45 day standard of promptness which begins from the time the referral is registered on the computer system. The computer system calculates the 45 days beginning the day after the referral date and counting 45 calendar days. If the due date falls on a weekend or holiday, the due date is the next business day. A referral may be received by phone, mail or in person and must be registered on the computer timely.

Note: When a signed DHS-390, Adult Services Application serves as the initial request for services, the registration date must be the date the DHS-390 was received in the local office.

The DHS-390 remains valid **unless** the case record is closed for more than 90 days.

COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT

The Adult Services Comprehensive Assessment (FIA-324) is the primary tool for determining need for services. The comprehensive assessment will be completed on all open cases, whether a home help payment will be made or not. ASCAP, the automated workload management system provides the format for the comprehensive assessment and all information will be entered on the computer program.

Requirements for the comprehensive assessment include, but are not limited to:

- A comprehensive assessment will be completed on all new cases.
- A face-to-face contact is required with the client in his/her place of residence.
- An interview must be conducted with the caregiver, if applicable.
- Observe a copy of the client's social security card.
- Observe a picture I.D. of the caregiver, if applicable.
- The assessment must be updated as often as necessary, but minimally at the six-month review and annual redetermination.
- A release of information must be obtained when requesting documentation from confidential sources and/or sharing information from the department record.
- Follow specialized rules of confidentiality when ILS cases have companion APS cases.

Functional Assessment

The **Functional Assessment** module of the **ASCAP** comprehensive assessment is the basis for service planning and for the HHS payment.

Conduct a functional assessment to determine the client's ability to perform the following activities:

Activities of Daily Living (ADL)

- Eating
- Toileting
- Bathing
- Grooming
- Dressing
- Transferring
- Mobility

Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADL)

- Taking Medication
- Meal Preparation and Cleanup
- Shopping
- Laundry
- Light Housework

Functional Scale ADL's and IADL's are assessed according to the following five-point scale:

1. Independent

Performs the activity safely with no human assistance.

2. Verbal Assistance

Performs the activity with verbal assistance such as reminding, guiding or encouraging.

3. Some Human Assistance

Performs the activity with some direct physical assistance and/or assistive technology.

4. Much Human Assistance

Performs the activity with a great deal of human assistance and/or assistive technology.

5. Dependent

Does not perform the activity even with human assistance and/or assistive technology.

Note: HHS payments may only be authorized for needs assessed at the 3 level or greater.

Time and Task

The worker will allocate time for each task assessed a rank of 3 or higher, based on interviews with the client and

provider, observation of the client's abilities and use of the reasonable time schedule (RTS) as a guide. The RTS can be found in **ASCAP** under the **Payment** module, Time and Task screen. When hours exceed the RTS rationale must be provided.

IADL Maximum Allowable Hours

There are monthly maximum hour limits on all IADLs except medication. The limits are as follows:

- 5 hours/month for shopping
- 6 hours/month for light housework
- 7 hours/month for laundry
- 25 hours/month for meal preparation

These are maximums; as always, if the client needs fewer hours, that is what must be authorized. Hours should continue to be prorated in shared living arrangements.

Service Plan Development

Address the following factors in the development of the service plan:

- The specific services to be provided, by whom and at what cost.
- The extent to which the client does not perform activities essential to caring for self. The intent of the Home Help program is to assist individuals to function as independently as possible. It is important to work with the recipient and the provider in developing a plan to achieve this goal.
- The kinds and amounts of activities required for the client's maintenance and functioning in the living environment.
- The availability or ability of a responsible relative or legal dependent of the client to perform the tasks the client does not perform. Authorize HHS **only** for those services or times which the responsible relative/legal dependent is unavailable or unable to provide.

Note: Unavailable means absence from the home, for employment or other legitimate reasons. Unable means the responsible person has disabilities of his/her own which prevent caregiving. These disabilities must be documented/verified by a medical professional on the DHS-54-A.

- Do **not** authorize HHS payments to a responsible relative or legal dependent of the client.
- The extent to which others in the home are able and available to provide the needed services. Authorize HHS **only** for the benefit of the client and **not** for others in the home. If others are living in the home, prorate the IADL's by at least 1/2, more if appropriate.
- The availability of services currently provided free of charge. A written statement by the provider that he is no longer able to furnish the service at no cost is sufficient for payment to be authorized as long as the provider is not a responsible relative of the client.
- HHS may be authorized when the client is receiving other home care services if the services are not duplicative (same service for same time period).

Services not Covered by Home Help Services

Do not authorize HHS payment for the following:

- Supervising, monitoring, reminding, guiding or encouraging (functional assessment rank 2);
- Services provided for the benefit of others;
- Services for which a responsible relative is able and available to provide;
- Services provided free of charge;
- Services provided by another resource at the same time;
- Transportation See Program Administrative Manual (PAM) 825 for

medical transportation policy and procedures.

- Money management, e.g., power of attorney, representative payee;
- Medical services;
- Home delivered meals;
- Adult day care.

Adult Services Manual (ASM) 363, 9-1-2008, Pages 1-15 of 24

In the present case, the Appellant applied for the HHS program on specifically requesting that her husband be the provider for the assistance with personal care and housekeeping services. (Exhibit 1, pages 6-7) An second performs, letter from the Appellant's oncologist was included which stated the Appellant's spouse is her primary caregiver, and he cares for her about 35-40 hours per week. (Exhibit 1, page 8) Accordingly, the ASW denied the Appellant's HHS application on second performance, because Department policy does not allow HHS payments to be made to a spouse who is able and available to provide the needed care. (Exhibit 1, pages 9-13)

The Appellant's husband credibly testified that his wife is undergoing treatment for breast cancer, and does not want anyone else to see her body. He stated that the Appellant is not able to care for herself. The Appellant's husband has been working a night shift at a gas station.

The ASW properly considered the availability and ability of the Appellant's husband to provide care for the Appellant. The Adult Services Glossary defines a responsible relative as a person's spouse or a parent of an unmarried child under age 18. Adult Services Glossary (ASG Glossary) 12-1-2007, Page 5 of 6. The Appellant's husband meets the definition of a responsible relative. Under Department policy, HHS for the Appellant could only be authorized for those services or times which the responsible relative is unavailable or unable to provide. The policy notes that unavailable means absence from the home, for employment or other legitimate reasons. Unable means the responsible person has disabilities of his/her own which prevent care giving. These disabilities must be documented/verified by a medical professional on the DHS-54A (Medical Needs form). Adult Services Manual (ASM 363) 9-1-2008, Page 5 of 24.

While it is understandable that the Appellant wants her husband to be her provider, this ALJ must review the action taken under the Department's policy. Neither this ALJ not the Adult Services Worker has the requisite authority to change, disregard, or make an exception to the Department policy. The above cited policy clearly indicates HHS payments can not be made to a spouse. Further, the policy indicates that HHS hours can only be authorized for the services a responsible relative or legal dependant is unavailable and unable to provide. The evidence indicates that the Appellant's spouse is able and available to be her primary caregiver. Accordingly the denial of the Appellant's Home Help Services application must be upheld. If the Appellant's husband were to obtain other employment that makes him unavailable to care for the Appellant,

HHS could be considered if the Appellant was willing to have someone provide the needed assistance.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, finds that the Department properly denied the Appellant's HHS application.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED THAT:

The Department's decision is AFFIRMED.

Colleen Lack Administrative Law Judge for Olga Dazzo, Director Michigan Department of Community Health



Date Mailed: <u>11/23/2011</u>

*** NOTICE ***

The Michigan Administrative Hearing System may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The Michigan Administrative Hearing System will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.