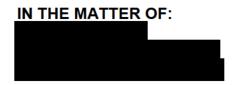
STATE OF MICHIGAN

MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES



Reg No.: 2011-47907

Issue No.: 2009

Case No.:

Hearing Date: November 16, 2011

Wayne County DHS (82)

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Colleen M. Mamelka

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a hearing was held in Detroit, Michigan on Wednes day, November 16, 2011. The Claimant appeared and testified. The Claimant was represented by appeared on behalf of the

Department of Human Services ("Department").

During the hearing, the Claimant waived the time period for the issuance of this decision in order for the submission of additional medical evidence. Specifically, the Claimant agreed to attend two consultative evaluations. On January 18, 2012, this office received notification that the Claimant failed to attend the examinations.

ISSUE

Whether the Department properly denied the Claimant's Medical Assistance ("MA-P") benefit case?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- The Claimant submitt ed an application for public assistance seeking MA-P benefits on May 31, 2011.
- 2. On July 6, 2011, the Medical Revi ew Team ("MRT") found the Claimant not disabled. (Exhibit 1, pp. 1, 2)

- 3. The Depar tment notified the Claimant of the MRT determination on July 11, 2011. (Exhibit 2)
- 4. On August 9, 2011, the Department received the Claimant's timely wr itten request for hearing. (Exhibit 3)
- 5. On September 27, 2011, the State Hearing Review Team found the Claimant not disabled.
- 6. During the November 16, 2011 hearing, the Claimant agreed to attend two consultative evaluations.
- 7. On January 18, 2012, notice was received that the Claimant failed to attend the evaluations.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance program is established by Subchapter XIX of Chapter 7 of The Public Health & Welfare Act, 42 USC 1397, and is administered by the Department of Human Services, formerly known as the Family Independence Agency, pursuant to MCL 400.10 *et seq.* and MCL 400.105. Department policies are found in the Bridge's Administrative Manual ("BAM"), the Bridges Elig ibility Manual ("BEM"), and the Bridges Reference Tables ("RFT").

Disability is defined as the inability to do any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental im pairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expect ed to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months. 20 CFR 416.905(a). The person claiming a physical or mental disability has the burden to establish it through the use of competent medical evidence from qualified medical sources such as his or her medical history, clinical/laboratory findings, diagnosis/prescri bed treatment, prognosis for recovery and/or medical assessment of ability to do work-related ac tivities or ability to reason and make appropriate mental adjustments, if a mental disability is alleged. 20 CRF 413.913. An individual's subjective pain complaints are not, in and of themselves, sufficient to establish disability. 20 CF R 416.908; 2 0 CFR 4 16.929(a). Similarly, conclusor y statements by a physician or mental health professional that an individual is disabled or blind, absent supporting medical evidence, is insufficient to establish disability. 20 CFR 416.927.

When determining disability, the federal regulations require several factors to be considered including: (1) the location/duration/frequency/intensity of an applicant's pain; (2) the type/dosage/effer ctiveness/side effects of any medication the applicant

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takes to relieve pain; (3) any treatment other than pain medication that the applicant has received to relieve pain; and (4) the e ffect of the applicant's pain on his or her ability to do basic work activities. 20 CFR 416.929(c)(3). The applicant's pain must be assessed to determine the extent of his or her functional limitation(s) in light of the objective medical evidence presented. 20 CFR 416.929(c)(2).

In this case, the record was in sufficient for a determination of disability. As a result, two consultative evaluations were sc heduled. On January 18, 2012, notice was received that the Claimant failed to call and/or attend the two appoint ments. When an individual who is applying for benefits fa ils to take part in a consul tative examination or test necessary to determine disability, the individual may be found not disabled. 20 CF R 416.918(a). In this case, the consultative examinations were necessary to determine disability; therefore, the Claimant is found not disabled. Accordingly, the Department's denial is AFFIRMED.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law finds the Department acted in accord ance with Department policy when it denied the Claimant's MA-P application.

Accordingly, it is ORDERED:

The Department's denial is AFFIRMED.

Colleen M. Mamelka
Administrative Law Judge
For Maura Corrigan, Director
Department of Human Services

Collein M. Mamilka

Date Signed: January 27, 2012

Date Mailed: January 27, 2012

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NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing Syst em (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a par ty within 30 days of the mailing date of this Dec ision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's mo tion where the final decis ion cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a ti mely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
 - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
 - typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
 - the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative Hearings

Re consideration/Rehearing Request

P. O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

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cc: