

STATE OF MICHIGAN  
MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM  
ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE  
DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:

[REDACTED]

Reg. No.: 2011-42873  
Issue No.: 1038  
Case No.: [REDACTED]  
Hearing Date: August 15, 2011  
Macomb County DHS

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE:** Susan C. Burke

**HEARING DECISION**

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon Claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on August 15, 2011 in Detroit, Michigan. Claimant appeared and

[REDACTED]

**ISSUE**

Was the Department correct in closing Claimant's Family Independence Program (FIP) case and decreasing Claimant's Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits due to failure to participate in work-related activities?

**FINDINGS OF FACT**

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. Claimant was an ongoing FIP and FAP recipient.
2. On May 20, 2011, the Department issued a Jobs, Education and Training (JET) appointment notice for an appointment date of May 31, 2011.
3. Claimant notified her Work First worker that she could not attend the JET appointment due to her son's medical emergency.
4. The Department thereafter issued a Notice of Noncompliance stating that Claimant did not participate in the required activity of May 31, 2011 and set a triage date.

5. Claimant did not receive the Notice of Noncompliance and therefore did not attend the triage where no good cause was found.
6. The Department closed Claimant's FIP case and decreased Claimant's FAP benefits, effective July 1, 2011, due failure to participate in work-related activities.
7. Claimant requested a hearing, protesting the closure.

### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

FIP was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 8 USC 601, *et seq.* The Department administers the FIP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3101-3131. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Program Reference Manual.

FAP was established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department administers the FAP program pursuant to CML 400.10 *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3001-3015. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Program Reference Manual, which includes the Reference Tables (RFT).

The Department requires clients to participate in employment and self-sufficiency-related activities and to accept employment when offered. BEM 230A; BEM 233A. All Work Eligible Individuals (WEIs) are required to participate in the development of a Family Self-Sufficiency Plan (FSSP) unless good cause exists. BEM 228. As a condition of eligibility, all WEIs must engage in employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activities. BEM 233A. The WEI is considered non-compliant for failing or refusing to appear and participate with the JET Program or other employment service provider. BEM 233A. Good cause is a valid reason for noncompliance with employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activities that are based on factors that are beyond the control of the noncompliant person. BEM 233A. Failure to comply without good cause results in FIP closure. BEM 233A. The first and second occurrences of non-compliance result in a three-month FIP closure. BEM 233A. The third occurrence results in a twelve-month sanction. The goal of The FIP penalty policy is to bring the client into compliance. BEM 233A.

JET participants will not be terminated from a JET program without first scheduling a triage meeting with the client to jointly discuss noncompliance and good cause. BEM 233A. In processing a FIP closure, the Department is required to send the client a Notice of Noncompliance (DHS-2444) which must include the date(s) of the noncompliance, the reason the client was determined to be noncompliant, and the

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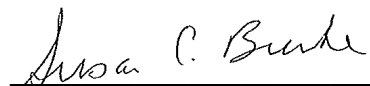
penalty duration. BEM 233A. In addition, a triage must be held within the negative action period. BEM 233A.

In the present case, the Department issued a JET appointment notice for May 31, 2011. Claimant testified credibly that she could not attend the JET appointment due to a medical emergency with her children, specifically her son, who had a skin condition requiring emergency treatment. Claimant testified further that she notified her Work First Worker of the situation. It is noted that the Work First worker was not available for testimony. I find that Claimant had good cause, that is, circumstances beyond her control (the medical emergency of her son,) to miss the appointment of May 31, 2011. Based on the above discussion, it is found that the Department was not correct in its decision to close Claimant's FIP case and decrease Claimant's FAP benefits due to failure to participate in work-related activities.

### **DECISION AND ORDER**

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law decides that the Department was not correct in its decision to close Claimant's FIP case and decrease Claimant's FAP benefits. It is therefore ORDERED that the Department's decision is REVERSED. It is further ORDERED that the Department shall:

1. Reinstate Claimant's FIP case, effective July 1, 2011, if Claimant is otherwise eligible.
2. Restore Claimant's FAP benefits, effective July 1, 2011, if Claimant is otherwise eligible.
3. Issue supplements for any missed or increased FIP or FAP payments.



Susan C. Burke  
Administrative Law Judge  
For Maura Corrigan Director  
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: 8/19/11

Date Mailed: 8/19/11

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**NOTICE:** Administrative Hearings may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hearings will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

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