STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.2011-Issue No.1038Case No.Image: Case No.Hearing Date:July 1



ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Jan Leventer

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Admi nistrative Law Judge pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) 400.9 a nd 400.37, which govern the administrative hearing and appeal process, and Claim ant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on July 14, 2011 in Detr oit. Claimant appeared and testified. Family I ndependence Specialist, appeared and testified for the Department of Human Services (DHS).

ISSUE

Whether DHS terminated Claim ant from the Family Independence Program (FIP) in accordance with its policies and procedures?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on competent, material, and substantial evidence in the record and on the entire record as a whole, finds as fact:

- 1. In 2011, DHS provided FIP benefits to Claimant.
- 2. DHS required Claimant to participate in the Jobs, Ed ucation and Training (J ET) program in order to receive FIP benefits.
- 3. On May 5, 2011, DHS issu ed a Notice of Noncomplianc e stating that Claimant was noncompliant on May 2, 2011.

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- 4. Claimant was not assigned to a JET activity on May 2, 2011.
- 5. On May 12, 2011, DHS sent Claimant a First Noncompliance Letter.
- 6. On May 24, 2011, Claimant filed a Request for Hearing with DHS.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

FIP was establish ed by the U.S. Pers onal Res ponsibility a nd Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 8 USC 601 *et seq.* DHS administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10 *et seq.*, and Michigan Administrative Code Rule s 400.3101-400.3131. Departm ent policies are found in Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and Reference Tables (RFT). The se manuals are available online at <u>www.michigan.gov/dhs-manuals</u>.

BAM, BEM and RFT are the policies and procedures DHS officially created for its own use. While the manuals are not laws crea ted by the U.S. Congress or the Michigan State Legislature, they constitute legal aut hority which DHS must fo llow. It is to the manuals that I look now in order to see what policy applies in this case. After setting forth what the applica ble policies are, I will ex amine whether they were in fact followed in this case.

First, BEM 230A, "Employment and/or Self-Su fficiency-Related Activities : FIP/RAP [Refugee Assistance Program] Cash," follows Federal and State law, which require that every work-eligible individual must participate in the JET Program or other work-related activities unless the person is temporarily deferred or engaged in other activities that meet participation requirements. BEM 230A.

Next, BEM 233A, "Failure to Meet Empl oyment and/or Self-Sufficiency-Relate d Requirements: FIP," also governs DHS' action in this case.

BEM 233A begins with a significant statement of the Department's Philosophy:

DHS requires clients to p articipate in employment and self-sufficien cyrelated activities and to accept employment when offered. **Our focus is to a ssist clients in rem oving barriers so they can p articipate in activities which lead to self-s ufficiency.** Howeve r, there are consequences for a client who refu ses to p articipate, witho ut good cause.

The goal of the FIP penal ty policy is to **obtain client compliance** with appropriate work a nd/or self-suffi ciency rel ated assignments and to **ensure that barriers to such compliance have been identi fied and removed.** The goal is to bring the client into compliance.

Noncompliance may be an indicator of possible disabilities. **Consider** further exploration of any barriers. *Id.*, p. 1 (emphasis added).

I find that DHS is ver y clear in this paragr aph that the goal is t o identify and remove barriers to employment, and the DHS goal is *not* to penalize customers for generalized failures and mistakes. I also read this secti on to mean that if the customer shows good cause for their action or failure to act, that action or failure to act will be excused and will not be held against them, and no penalties will be imposed.

My inquiry is focused on the date of May 2, 2011, because that is the date DHS claims that Claim ant was noncomplia nt with JET. I have examine ed all of the evidence and testimony in this case as a whole. I find no evidence in the record to establish that DHS or JET as signed Claimant to do anything on May 2, 2011, and I find nothing that documents that she failed to do it. Indeed, the Agency's Hearing Summary contains no information whatsoev er other than a conclusory statement that Claimant was noncompliant. While Claimant may have "agreed" she was noncompliant without good cause, her immediate response to the penalty letter was to file a hearing request. I believe Claimant's hearing request encom passes the entire JET compliance procedure and requires the Administrative Law Judge to examine that procedure in its entirety.

Based on the record before me, I find and determine that DHS erred in this case, in that it failed to announce to the Claimant a verifiable date that noncompliance occurred and what actually happened on that day. I find and conclude that DHS failed to establish by clear and convinc ing evidence that there was noncompliance in this case. I find and decide that the procedure follow ed in this case failed to fulfill the duty of DHS u nder BEM 233A to identify and resolve barriers to employment and self-sufficiency. I find that the purpose of BEM 233A has not been fulfilled in this case and I must reverse DHS and provide a remedy to Claimant.

In conclusion, based on the findings of fact and c onclusions of la w above, I find that DHS erred when it concluded that Claimant was noncomp liant on May 2, 2011. I REVERSE the Agency's action in this case, and order that Claimant's FIP benefits shall be reinstated, DHS shall provide Claimant with any supplemental retroactive benefits to which she is entitled, DHS s hall dele te any penalties impos ed on Claimant, and Claimant shall be allowed to re-enroll in the JET program.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon t he above findings of fact and conclusion s of law, REVERSES t he Department's May 12, 2011 First Noncomplianc e Letter. IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that DHS shall:

1. Rescind the Notice of Noncompliance of May 5, 2011;

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- 2. Rescind the First Noncompliance Letter of May 12, 2011;
- 3. Reinstate Claimant's FIP benefits;
- 4. Delete any negative actions taken against Claimant from her file;
- 5. Provide supplemental benefits to Claimant as appropr iate to restore her to the benefit level to which she is entitled;
- 6. Re-enroll Claimant in the JET program.

All steps s hall be tak en in accor dance with DHS policies and procedures and with the requirements of this decision.

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Jan Leventer Administrative Law Judge For Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: July 18, 2011

Date Mailed: July 18, 2011

NOTICE: Administrative Hearings may or der a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at t he request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hear ings will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's mo tion where the final decis ion cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

JL/cl

CC: