STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: 201135491

Issue No.: 3055 Case No.:

Hearing Date: October 26, 2011

County: Wayne County DHS (41)

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Andrea J. Bradley

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

an he De	This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge and MCL 400.37 upon the Department of Human Services' (D hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on Detroit, Michigan. The Department was represented by Inspector General (OIG).	epartment) request for a	
	Participants on behalf of Respondent included: .		
pu	Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5) 400.3187(5).	•	
<u>ISSUES</u>			
1.	1. Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of		
		nnce Program (FAP) pment and Care (CDC)	
	benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?		
2.	2. Did Respondent commit an Intentional Program Violation (IF	PV)?	
3.	Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving		
		nce Program (FAP) pment and Care (CDC)?	

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.	
2.	The OIG \boxtimes has \square has not requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.	
3.	Respondent was a recipient of $\ \ \Box$ FIP $\ \ \boxtimes$ FAP $\ \ \Box$ SDA $\ \ \Box$ CDC benefits during the alleged OI and IPV period.	
4.	Respondent \boxtimes was \square was not aware of the responsibility to report changes in household income to the Department.	
5.	Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.	
6.	The Department's OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is April 1, 2006 through March 31, 2007.	
7.	During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was issued \$4,256.00 in \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC benefits from the State of Michigan.	
8.	Respondent was entitled to \$418.00 in \Box FIP \boxtimes FAP \Box SDA \Box CDC benefits during this time period.	
9.	Respondent \boxtimes did \square did not receive an OI in the amount of \$3,838.00 under the \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC program.	
10	.The Department $oxtimes$ has $oxtimes$ has not established that Respondent committed an IPV.	
11	.This was Respondent's $igtimes$ first $igcap$ second $igcap$ third IPV.	
12	.A notice of disqualification hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and \square was \boxtimes was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.	
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW		
Department policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).		
□ Re	The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal esponsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193	

42 USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3101 through Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996.

oxtimes The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS]
program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is
implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federa
Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence
Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, Rule
400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.
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The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program, which provides financial assistance
for disabled persons, is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department of Human
Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA
program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 2000 AACS, Rule 400.3151 through
Rule 400.3180.

The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is established by Titles IVA, IVE and XX of the Social Security Act, the Child Care and Development Block Grant of 1990, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. The program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 98 and 99. The Department provides services to adults and children pursuant to MCL 400.14(1) and 1999 AC, Rule 400.5001 through Rule 400.5015.

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed to report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is suspected when there is clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuances are not forwarded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total overissuance amount is \$1000 or more, or
- the total overissuance amount is less than \$1000, and
 - the group has a previous intentional program violation, or
 - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance.
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

Additionally, the OIG presented documentary evidence and testimony regarding the Respondent's intent to commit an Intentional Program Violation with respect to the FAP program. Specifically, the OIG testified that the Claimant had unreported income for herself and another member in the FAP group during the period of April 1, 2006 through March 31, 2007. The evidence shows that the Respondent signed an Assistance Application on February 15, 2006, wherein she certified that she understood her duty to report changes in household income, among other things. The evidence also shows that the Respondent signed applications with the same certifications on November 20, 2006 and February 26, 2007. At the time of both of those applications, the evidence shows that the Respondent and other FAP group member where employed, however, Respondent reported no household income and marked "no" when asked if anyone in the household was employed.

The evidence and testimony established that during the alleged fraud period, the Respondent was employed by a compared to the Department and therefore not budgeted in the FAP benefit grant.

The OIG presented documentary evidence as to the OI that occurred as a result of the unreported income. The evidence presented shows that, during the period at issue, the

Respondent received \$4,256.00 in FAP program benefits. The documentary evidence further established that the Respondent was only entitled to receive \$418.00 in FAP program benefits for that period of time. Therefore, the Department provided credible evidence that an OI occurred due to an IPV in the amount of \$3,838.00

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

1.	Respondent ⊠ did ☐ did not commit an IPV.	
2.	Respondent \boxtimes did \square did not receive an OI of program benefits in the amount of \$3,838.00 from the following program(s) \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC.	
	The Department is ORDERED to delete the OI and cease any recoupment action.	
	The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of ,838.00 in accordance with Department policy.	
	The Department is ORDERED to reduce the OI to for the period , in cordance with Department policy.	
It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from		
	☐ FIP ☐ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC for a period of ☐ 12 months. ☐ 24 months. ☐ lifetime. Andrea J. Bradley Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services	
Da	ate Signed: 12/7/11	
Da	te Mailed: 12/7/11	
	<u>OTICE</u> : The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and der, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she es.	
AJ	B/hw	
CC:		

