# STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH

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IN THE MATTER OF:	Docket No. 2011-35193 PA Case No.
,	Case No.
Appellant/	
DECISION AND ORDER	
This matter is before the undersigned Ac 400.9 and 42 CFR 431.200 et seq., upon	dministrative Law Judge (ALJ) pursuant to MCL n the Appellant's request for a hearing.
After due notice, a hearing was held of appeared on the Appellant's behalf. represented the Department.	,
ISSUE	
Did the Department properly deny for a complete upper denture and	the Appellant's request for prior authorization a lower partial denture?
FINDINGS OF FACT	
The Administrative Law Judge, based evidence on the whole record, finds as n	upon the competent, material and substantial naterial fact:
1. The Appellant is a Medicaid bene	ficiary.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ent received a prior authorization request for a wer partial denture from the Appellant's dentist.
for the upper complete and low	ent determined that the Appellant did not qualify er partial denture under the 5 year rule. The ed that a complete upper denture and a lower . (Exhibit 1, pages 7 and 9)
4. On the Departme (Exhibit 1, pages 3-4)	nt sent a Notification of Denial to the Appellant.
5 On the Appellant'	s Request for a hearing was received (Exhibit

1, page 2)

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### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

#### 1.10 PRIOR AUTHORIZATION

Medicaid requires prior authorization (PA) to cover certain services before those services are rendered to the beneficiary. The purpose of PA is to review the medical need for certain services.

> MDCH Medicaid Provider Manual, Practitioner Section, January1, 2011, page 4.

The issue in this case is whether the Department properly applied the five year rule for denture coverage. *MDCH Medicaid Provider Manual, Dental Section, January 1, 2011, pages 17-18,* outlines coverage for dentures:

# **6.6 PROSTHODONTICS (REMOVABLE)**

#### 6.6.A. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and partial dentures are benefits for all beneficiaries. All dentures require PA. Providers must assess the beneficiary's general oral health and provide a five-year prognosis for the prosthesis requested. An upper partial denture PA request must also include the prognosis of six sound teeth.

Complete or partial dentures are authorized:

- If there is one or more anterior teeth missing;
- If there are less than eight posterior teeth in occlusion (fixed bridges and dentures are to be considered occluding teeth); or
- Where an existing complete or partial denture cannot be made serviceable through repair, relining, adjustment, or duplicating (rebasing) procedures. If a partial denture can be made serviceable, the dentist should provide the needed restorations to maintain use of the existing partial, extract teeth, add teeth to an existing partial, and remove hyperplastic tissue.

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Before final impressions are taken and any construction begun on a complete or partial denture, healing adequate to support a prosthesis must take place following the completion of extractions or surgical procedures. This includes the posterior ridges of any immediate denture. An exception is made for the six anterior teeth (cuspid to cuspid) only when an immediate denture is authorized.

Reimbursement for a complete or partial denture includes all necessary adjustments, relines, repairs, and duplications within six months of insertion. This includes such services for an immediate upper denture when authorized.

If a complete or partial denture requires an adjustment, reline, repair, or duplication within six months of insertion, but the services were not provided until after six months of insertion, no additional reimbursement is allowed for these services.

Complete or partial dentures are not authorized when:

- A previous prosthesis has been provided within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid.
- An adjustment, reline, repair, or duplication will make them serviceable.
- Replacement of a complete or partial denture that has been lost or broken beyond repair is not a benefit within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid.

Medicaid Provider Manual, Dental Section, Version date January 1, 2010 Pages 17-18. (emphasis added by ALJ)

The Department introduced documentation from the Appellant's Medicaid beneficiary case history into evidence showing that a complete upper denture and a partial lower denture were placed. (Exhibit 1, pages 7 and 9) The Medicaid Utilization Analyst explained that the Appellant's request for a complete upper denture and a lower partial denture was denied because the Appellant had these prostheses provided within the past five years. The Medicaid Utilization Analyst testified that the denial was in accordance with the policy outlined in the Dental Section of the Department's Medicaid Provider Manual.

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The Appellant's caregiver disagrees with the denial and testified that the Appellant has lost significant weight since her stroke and her current dentures are too big for her mouth. She stated that they have tried with two dentists to have the existing dentures fixed. However, the spaces between the Appellant's lower teeth have shifted and the partial does not fit. The Appellant's caregiver testified that the Appellant continues to loose weight because she can not eat and cries when she is uncomfortable and hungry.

While this ALJ has sympathy for the Appellant's circumstances, the program parameters do not allow for coverage for dentures more than 1 time in a 5 year period. The Appellant's dentist incorrectly marked that the prior prostheses were placed more than five years ago on the prior authorization form. (Exhibit 1, page 8) The Appellant's Medicaid case history documents that they were placed the consider a medical history on the prior authorization form for the Department to consider a medical exception to the 5 year rule. (Exhibit 1, page 8) The Department provided sufficient evidence that its denial was in accordance with policy based on the information available at the time the prior authorization request was reviewed. The Department's determination is upheld based on the available evidence.

As discussed during the hearing proceedings, the Appellant can have her dentist submit a new prior authorization request to the Department indicating the pertinent dental and medical history and include documentation from the Appellant's doctor(s). The Medicaid Utilization Analyst agreed to send the Appellant's representative the policy regarding the criteria for a medical exception. A copy of policy was also sent to this ALJ, but the policy addressed a medical exception to mandatory enrollment in a Medicaid Health Plan. This policy would not apply to a medical exception to the 5 year rule regarding dental prostheses.

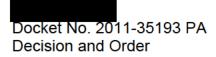
## **DECISION AND ORDER**

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that the Department properly denied the Appellant's request for prior authorization for a complete upper denture and a lower partial denture.

#### IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

The Department's decision is AFFIRMED.

Colleen Lack
Administrative Law Judge
for Olga Dazzo, Director
Michigan Department of Community Health



CC:



Date Mailed: 8/18/2011

#### \*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*

The Michigan Administrative Hearing System may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The Michigan Administrative Hearing System will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.