STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



 Reg. No.
 2011-31831

 Issue Nos.
 1038, 3029

 Case No.
 June 1, 2011

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Jan Leventer

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Admi nistrative Law Judge pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) 400.9 and 400.37 and Claimant request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on June 1, 2011. Claimant appeared and testified. Family Independence M anager, appeared and testified for the Department of Human Services (DHS).

<u>ISSUE</u>

Whether DHS terminated Claimant from the Family Independence Program (FIP) and Food Assistance Program (FAP) in accordance with its policies and procedures?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on competent, material, and substantial evidence in the record and on the entire record as a whole, finds as fact:

- 1. In 2011, DHS provided FIP and FAP benefits to Claimant.
- 2. DHS required Claimant to participate in the Jobs, Ed ucation and Training (J ET) program in order to receive FIP and FAP benefits.
- 3. On February 11, 2011, Claimant was not assigned to a JET activity.
- 4. On March 22, 2011, DHS issued a Notic e of Nonc ompliance stating that on February 11, 2011, Claimant was not in compliance with the JET program.

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- 5. On April 1, 2011, DHS issued a Notice of Case Action informing Claimant that effective May 1, 2011, DHS would termi nate Claimant's FIP benefits and reduce his FAP benefits from \$367 to \$200 per month.
- 6. On April 12, 2011, Claimant submitted a Request for a Hearing to DHS.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

FIP was establish ed by the U.S. Pers onal Res ponsibility a nd Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 8 USC 601 *et seq.* DHS administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10 *et seq.*, and Michigan Administra tive Code Rules (MACR) 400.3101-400.3131. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges El igibility Manual (BEM) and Ref erence Tables (RFT). These manuals are available online at www.michigan.gov/dhs-manuals.

FAP was established by the U.S. FoodStamp Act of 1977 and isimplemented byFederal regulations c ontained in Title 7 ofthe Code of Federal Regulations. DHSadministers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10et seq . and MACR 400.3001- 400.3015.Department policies are found in BAM, BEM and RFT.

BAM, BEM and RFT are the policie s and procedures that DHS officially created for its own use. While the manuals are not laws created by the U.S. Congress or the Michigan State Legislature, they constitute legal aut hority which DHS must fo llow. It is to the manuals that I look now in order to see what policy applies in this case. After setting forth what the applica ble policies are, I will ex amine whether they were in fact followed in this case.

First, BEM 230A, "Employment and/or Self-S ufficiency-Related Ac tivities: FIP/RAP [Refugee Assistance Program] Cash," follows Federal and State Iaw, which require that every work-eligible individual must participate in the JET Program or other work-related activities unless the person is temporarily deferred or engaged in other activities that meet participation requirements. BEM 230A.

Next, BEM 233A, "Failure to Meet Empl oyment and/or Self-Sufficiency-Relate d Requirements: FIP," also governs DHS' action in this case.

BEM 233A begins with a significant statement of the Department's Philosophy:

DHS requires clients to p articipate in employment and self-sufficien cyrelated activities and to accept employment when offered. **Our focus is** to a ssist clients in rem oving barriers so they can p articipate in activities which lead to self-s ufficiency. Howeve r, there are consequences for a client who refu ses to p articipate, witho ut good cause.

The goal of the FIP penal ty policy is to **obtain client compliance** with appropriate work a nd/or self-suffi ciency rel ated assignments and to **ensure that barriers to such compliance have been identi fied and removed.** The goal is to bring the client into compliance.

Noncompliance may be an indicator of possible disabilities. **Consider further exploration of any barriers.** *Id.,* p. 1 (emphasis added).

I find that DHS is ver y clear in this paragr aph that the goal is t o identify and remove barriers to employment, and the DHS' goal is *not* to penalize customers for generalized failures and mistakes. I also read this secti on to mean that if the customer shows good cause for their action or failure to act, that action or failure to act will be excused and will not be held against them, and no penalties will be imposed.

There is also a third manual item applicable in this c ase, BEM 233B, "Failure to Meet Employment Requirements: FAP." BEM 233B imposes t he same JET requirement upon c lients receiving FAP benefits, as BE M 233A requires for clients receiving FIP benefits.

My inquiry is focused on the dat e of February 11, 2011, becaus e that is the date DHS claims that Claimant was non-compliant. I have exa mined all of the evidence and testimony in this case as a whole. I find no evidence in the record to establish that DHS assigned Claimant to do anyt hing on F ebruary 11, 2011, and I find nothing that documents that he failed to do it. Indeed, the Agency's Hearing Summary contains no information whatsoev er other than a conclu sory statement that Claimant was non-compliant. DHS' testimony at the hearing indicated that Claimant was probably abs ent "back in J anuary," and that February 11, 2011 was merely an administrative date on which the JET program referred the case to DHS for a triage meeting.

Based on the record before me, I find and determine that DHS erred in this case, in that it failed to announce to the Claimant a verifiable date that the noncompliance occurred, and, what actually happened at the time. I find and conclude that DHS has failed to establish by clear and convincing evidence that there was noncompliance in this case. I find and decide that the procedure followed in these states failed to fulfill the duty of DHS under BEM 233A to identify and resolve barriers to employment and self-sufficiency. I find that the purpose of BEM 233A has not been fulfilled in this case and I must reverse DHS and provide a remedy to Claimant.

In conclusion, based on the findings of fact and c onclusions of la w above, I find that DHS erred when it concluded that Claimant was noncompliant on February 11, 2011. I REVERSE the Agency's action in this case , and or der that Claimant's FI P and FAP

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benefits shall be reinstated, DHS shall provide Claimant wit h any supplemental retroactive benefits to which he is entitled, DHS shall dele te any penalties imposed on Claimant, and Claimant shall be allowed to re-enroll in the JET program.

All steps s hall be tak en in accor dance with DHS policies and procedures and with the requirements of this decision.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon t he above findings of fact and conclusion s of law, REVERSES the Depa rtment's May 1, 201 1 termi nation of Claimant's FIP benefits and the reduction of hi s FAP benefits. IT IS ORDERED that DHS shall reinstate Claimant's FIP and FAP benefits, DHS shall rescind all penalties imposed on Claimant, DHS shall delete any negative case actions taken, and DHS shall provide to Claimant all appropriate supplemental retroactive benefits. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that DHS shall re-enroll Clai mant in the J ET program as one of his r equirements for receiving FIP and FAP benefits.

All steps taken by DHS shall be in accordance with th is opinion and DHS polic ies and procedures.

Jan Leventer Administrative Law Judge For Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: June 13, 2011

Date Mailed: June 13, 2011

NOTICE: Administrative Hearings may or der a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at t he request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hear ings will not orde r a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's mo tion where the final decis ion cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

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The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

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