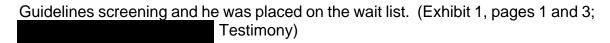
# STATE OF MICHIGAN STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH

P.O. Box 30763, Lansing, MI 48909 (877) 833-0870; Fax: (517) 334-9505

IN TH	E MATTER OF:	
	Docket No. 2011-11488 ED	
	Appellant/	
DECISION AND ORDER		
	natter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) pursuant to MCL and 42 CFR 431.200 <i>et seq.</i> , following the Appellant's request for a hearing.	
After	due notice, a telephone hearing was held appeared on the Appellant's behalf.	
behali	appeared on for the Department-contracted MI Choice Waiver agency (hereafter, 'Department').	
<u>ISSUE</u>		
	Did the Department properly place the Appellant on the wait list for the MI Choice Waiver program?	
FINDINGS OF FACT		
	d upon the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, I find Iterial fact:	
1.	The Appellant is and is seeking MI Choice Waiver services. (Exhibit 1, page 8)	
2.	One of the Appellant's cares for him, and is his representative for this hearing. (Testimony)	
3.	On the Appellant was referred for the MI Choice Waiver services program. A different answered questions on behalf of the Appellant to complete the Telephone Intake Guidelines intake screening. (Exhibit 1, pages 8-9 and Testimony)	

4. The waiver agency determined that the Appellant passed the Telephone Intake



- 5. On \_\_\_\_\_, an Imminent Risk of Nursing Facility Placement was also completed by telephone, with the same \_\_\_\_. (Exhibit 1, pages 4-7 and Testimony)
- 6. The Appellant did not score high enough on the Imminent Risk Assessment to be eligible for diversion status on the wait list. (Exhibit 1, pages 4-7)
- 7. On program was at capacity, therefore, he would be placed on the wait list. (Exhibit 1, page 3)
- 8. The Department's waiver agency is currently at capacity and, due to lack of funds, is unable to enroll the Appellant in the MI Choice Waiver program at this time.
- Following notification that he had been placed on a waiting list for the MI Choice program, the Appellant requested a formal, administrative hearing on . (Exhibit 1, page 10)

# **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

This Appellant is claiming services through the Department's Home and Community Based Services for Elderly and Disabled (HCBS/ED). The waiver is called MI Choice in Michigan. The program is funded through the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid (formerly HCFA) to the Michigan Department of Community Health (Department). Regional agencies, in this case administrative agency.

Waivers are intended to provide the flexibility needed to enable States to try new or different approaches to the efficient and cost-effective delivery of health care services, or to adapt their programs to the special needs of particular areas or groups of recipients. Waivers allow exceptions to State plan requirements and permit a State to implement innovative programs or activities on a time-limited basis, and subject to specific safeguards for the protection of recipients and the program. Detailed rules for waivers are set forth in subpart B of part 431, subpart A of part 440 and subpart G of part 441 of

this chapter. 42 CFR 430.25(b)

The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, on page 5 of a letter to State Medical Directors labeled Olmstead Update Number 4 (SMDL #01-006), dated January 10, 2001, in reply to the following question responded, in part:

May a State use the program's funding appropriation to specify the total number of people eligible for an HCBS waiver?

CMS has allowed States to indicate that the total number of people to be served may be the lesser of either (a) a specific number pre-determined by the State and approved by CMS (the approved "factor C" value), or (b) a number derived from the amount of money the legislature has made available (together with corresponding Federal match). The current HCBS waiver preprint contains both options....

The waiver agency has committed all the financial resources made available through the Department's appropriations to ensure continued service to current waiver enrollees and is not assessing any additional individuals. It maintains a waiting list and contacts individuals on the list on a first come, first served basis when sufficient resources become available to serve additional individuals. It then determines how many individuals from the list it can assess and assesses a limited number of individuals from the list to determine if they may be eligible for enrollment in the MI Choice Waiver.

The pertinent section of *Policy Bulletin 09-47* states:

The following delineates the current waiting list priority categories and their associated definitions. They are listed in descending order of priority.

Persons No Longer Eligible for Children's Special Health Care Services (CSHCS) Because of Age This category includes only persons who continue to need Private Duty Nursing care at the time coverage ended under CSHCS.

Nursing Facility Transition Participants A given number of program slots will be targeted by MDCH each year to accommodate nursing facility transfers. Nursing facility residents are a priority only until the enrollment target established by MDCH has been reached.

Current Adult Protective Services (APS) Clients When an applicant who has an active APS case requests services, priority should be given when critical needs can be addressed

by MI Choice Program services. It is not expected that MI Choice Program agents seek out and elicit APS cases, but make them a priority when appropriate.

# **Chronological Order By Date Services Were Requested**

This category includes potential participants who do not meet any of the above priority categories and those for whom prioritizing information is not known.

## **Updates**

Below are the two waiting list priority categories that have been updated. The updated categories will also be available on the MDCH website at

www.michigan.gov/medicaidproviders

- >> Prior Authorization
- >> The Medicaid Nursing Facility Level of Care Determination
- >> MI Choice Eligibility and Admission Process.

# **Nursing Facility Transition Participants**

Nursing facility residents who face barriers that exceed the capacity of the nursing facility routine discharge planning process qualify for this priority status. Qualified persons who desire to transition to the community are eligible to receive assistance with supports coordination, transition activities, and transition costs.

# **Current Adult Protective Services (APS) Clients and Diversion Applicants**

When an applicant who has an active APS case requests services, priority is given when critical needs can be addressed by MI Choice Waiver services. It is not expected that MI Choice Waiver agents solicit APS cases, but priority should be given when appropriate.

An applicant is eligible for diversion status if they are living in the community or are being released from an acute care setting and are found to be at imminent risk of nursing facility admission. Imminent risk of placement in a nursing facility is determined using the Imminent Risk Assessment, an evaluation approved by MDCH. Supports coordinators administer the evaluation in person, and final approval of a diversion request is made by MDCH.

Medical Services Administration Policy Bulletin 09-47, November 2009, pages 1-2 of 3.

The Appellant's

but testified that the information her provided to the waiver agency during the
, telephone call was not accurate because the does not actually
provide care for the Appellant. Specifically, for items 2 and 3, she stated that the Appellant
does need physical help with dressing because his right arm does not work, and with
getting in and out of bed.
The waiver agency has established a waiting list due to the limited resources it has to
provide services. The testified that the Appellant was placed
on the waiting list at the time the initial telephone call was made. Furthermore, the agency
conducted an Imminent Risk Assessment. Based upon the information provided during the
, telephone call, it was determined that the Appellant's priority could not
be moved up at that time. Even considering the testimony of the Appellant's
regarding his actual care needs, the Appellant still did not qualify for diversion status. The
updated information could only increase his score on the Imminent Risk Assessment from a
3 to a 5. A score of 8 or more is needed to qualify for diversion status on the wait list.

did not challenge the legal basis for placement on the waiting list,

The MI Choice Waiver agency provided sufficient evidence that it implemented the MI Choice waiting list procedure in the manner in which CMS has approved and in accordance to Department policy; therefore, its actions were proper. While he remains on the wait list, the Appellant can always contact the waiver agency if his circumstances change such that he may have become eligible for diversion status.

### **DECISION AND ORDER**

(Exhibit 1, pages 4-7)

Based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, I find the MI Choice Waiver agency properly denied the Appellant enrollment and placed him on the waiting list due to limited financial resources.

#### IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

The Department's decision is AFFIRMED.

Colleen Lack
Administrative Law Judge
for Olga Dazzo, Director
Michigan Department of Community Health

cc:

Date Mailed: 3/10/2011

#### \*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*

The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.