

STATE OF MICHIGAN  
STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE  
DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF: [REDACTED],  
Claimant

Reg. No: 201012841  
Issue No: 3002; 3003  
Case No: [REDACTED]  
Load No: [REDACTED]  
Hearing Date:  
January 27, 2010  
Wayne County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Robert J. Chavez

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a hearing was held on January 27, 2010.

ISSUE

Was the claimant's FAP allotment computed and allocated correctly?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- (1) Claimant was receiving a Food Assistance Program (FAP) allotment budget in Oakland County in the amount of \$580.
- (2) In December 2009, DHS ran a new FAP budget.
- (3) Claimant's FAP budget was run using income from September, 2009 and incorrect numbers for unemployment.

- (4) This resulted in the closure of claimant's FAP case.
- (5) Another budget was run, and claimant's FAP allotment was increased to \$29.
- (6) Claimant filed for hearing on December 7, 2009, alleging that DHS incorrectly computed her budget.

#### CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) (formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program) is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the FAP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3001-3015. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Bridges Reference Manual (BRM).

When determining eligibility for FAP benefits, the household's total income must be evaluated. All earned and unearned income of each household member must be included unless specifically excluded. BEM 500. A standard deduction from income of \$132 is allowed for households of claimant's size. Certain non-reimbursable medical expenses above \$35 a month may be deducted for senior/disabled/veteran group members. Another deduction from income is provided if monthly shelter costs are in excess of 50% of the household's income after all of the other deductions have been allowed, up to a maximum of \$459 for non-senior/disabled/veteran households. BEM, Items 500 and 554; RFT 255; 7 CFR 273.2. Only heat, electricity, sewer, trash and telephone are allowed deductions. BEM 554. Any other expenses are considered non-critical, and thus, not allowed to be deducted from gross income. Furthermore, RFT 255 states exactly how much is allowed to be claimed for each shelter expense. Policy states that \$34

allowed to be claimed for telephone expenses, and \$102 is allowed to be claimed for non-heat electricity expenses, regardless of the actual bill. \$555 dollars may be claimed if the claimant has heating costs. \$57 may be claimed for water or sewer expenses.

In this case, the Administrative Law Judge has reviewed the FAP budget and finds that the Department did not properly compute the claimant's gross income. The gross unearned income benefit amount must be counted as unearned income, which the Department determined to be \$1444 in the current case, after counting the total member group's UCB benefits. BEM 503. However, the Department later admitted that this income was actually \$311 bi-weekly. Furthermore, in the subsequent budgets, the Department used an excess shelter amount of \$74 when their excess shelter calculations showed an excess shelter of \$127. Finally, the Department was required to use income from the previous 30 days. The Department erred when they used income in a December budget from September, 3 months earlier.

As the Administrative Law Judge has reviewed the budget and found errors in the income numbers used to calculate claimant's FAP benefit amount, claimant's FAP budget, as given, is incorrect. As the budget contains errors, the Department did not correctly calculate claimant's benefits, and must therefore re-calculate the budget.

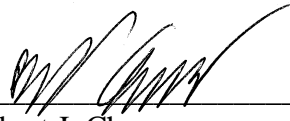
#### DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that the Department's decision to award claimant a FAP allotment of \$29 was incorrect.

Accordingly, the Department's decision is REVERSED.

The Department is ORDERED to re-run claimant's December FAP allotment budget using correct unearned income totals and earned income totals from November 2009, and to

correct its shelter expense deductions, and issue to the claimant any supplemental benefits to which she may be entitled, in accordance with policies found in the Brides Administrative and Eligibility Manuals.



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Robert J. Chavez  
Administrative Law Judge  
for Ismael Ahmed, Director  
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: 03/17/10

Date Mailed: 03/25/10

**NOTICE:** Administrative Hearings may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hearings will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 60 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

RJC/dj

cc:

