STATE OF MICHIGAN STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No: 201050445 Issue No: 3055 Case No: Load No: Hearing Date: November 17, 2010 Marguette County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Vicki L. Armstrong

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37, 7 CFR 273.16, MAC R 400.3130, and MAC R 400.3178 upon the Department of Human Services (department) request for a disqualification hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on November 17, 2010. Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in the respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), MAC R 400.3130(5), or MAC R 400.3187(5).

ISSUE

Whether Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV) of the Food Assistance Program (FAP) and whether Respondent received an overissuance of benefits that the department is entitled to recoup?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the clear and convincing evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

 The department's Office of Inspector General (OIG) filed a hearing request to establish an overissuance of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV); the OIG also requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.

- 2. Respondent signed Assistance Application (DHS-1171) on January 19, 2005, November 27, 2005, and December 6, 2005, acknowledging that he understood his failure to give timely, truthful, complete and accurate information about his circumstances could result in a civil or criminal action or an administrative claim against him. (Department Exhibit 1, Item 2, pages 18-25; Item 3, pages 26-32).
- 3. Respondent indicated on the January 19, 2005 application that he was receiving SSI and did not have any earned income. (Department Exhibit 1, Item 2, pages 18-25).
- 4. Respondent indicated on the November 27, 2005 and December 6, 2005 application that he was receiving SSI, RSDI, and working seasonally at on Mackinaw Island. (Department Exhibit, Item 3, pages 26-32).
- 5. The Office of Inspector General indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is August 1, 2005 through November 30, 2006. (Department Exhibit 1, pages 2, 11-13).
- 6. On November 16, 2007, the department received a wage match report that showed Respondent had unearned income from RSDI from February 1, 2005 to November 30, 2006. (Department Exhibit 1, pages 2).
- 7. On November 27, 2007, the department received a wage match report that showed Respondent had earned income from from October 4, 2005 to November 10, 2006. (Department Exhibit 1, page 2).
- 8. During the alleged fraud period in which Respondent was receiving FAP benefits, Respondent received earned income from and unearned income from RSDI. Respondent was issued \$1,101.00 in FAP benefits. (Department Exhibit 1, pages 2, 11-13).
- 9. The department is pursuing the fraud period of August 1, 2005 through November 30, 2006 for the FAP program. Respondent received \$1,101.00 in FAP benefits during the respective alleged fraud period. If Respondent had informed the department that he received earned and unearned income, Respondent would not have received excess benefits for the Michigan FAP program. (Department Exhibit 1, pages 2, 11-13, 18-25, 26-32).
- 10. Respondent was clearly instructed and fully aware of the responsibility to report all employment and income to the department.

- 11. Respondent did not report to the department that he had received earned income from RSDI. This resulted in an overissuance of \$1,101.00 for the FAP program. (Department Exhibit 1, pages 2, 11-13, 18-25, 26-32).
- 12. As a result of the failure to report that he was receiving earned and unearned income, Respondent committed an IPV and received an overissuance of benefits.
- 13. Respondent has no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill the income reporting responsibilities.
- 14. Respondent had not committed any previous intentional program violations of the FAP program. (Department Hearing Request).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) (formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program) is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the FAP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3001-3015. Department policies are found in the Program Administrative Manual (BAM), the Program Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

In this case, the department has requested a disqualification hearing to establish an overissuance of benefits as a result of an IPV and the department has asked that the respondent be disqualified from receiving benefits. The department's manuals provide the following relevant policy statements and instructions for department caseworkers:

When a customer client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the department must attempt to recoup the overissuance. BAM 700. A suspected intentional program violation means an overissuance where:

- the client intentionally failed to report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- the client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- the client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

The department suspects an intentional program violation when the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing,

maintaining, increasing, or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. There must be clear and convincing evidence that the client acted intentionally for this purpose. BAM 720.

The department's Office of Inspector General processes intentional program hearings for overissuances referred to them for investigation. The Office of Inspector General represents the department during the hearing process. The Office of Inspector General requests intentional program hearings for cases when

- benefit overissuances are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
 - the total overissuance amount is \$1000 or more, or
 - $\circ~$ the total overissuance amount is less than \$1000, and
 - the group has a previous intentional program violation, or
 - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance,
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an intentional program violation disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients that commit an intentional program violation are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720. This is the respondent's first intentional program violation.

As a result of the IPV, the department properly requested that Respondent be disqualified from participation in the FAP program for one year.

In this case, the department has established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent intentionally failed to report that he was receiving earned and unearned income. Respondent's signature on this document certifies that he was aware that fraudulent participation in FAP could result in criminal or civil or administrative claims. Because of Respondent's failure to report his earned and unearned income, he received an overissuance of \$1,101.00 and the department is entitled to recoup.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the clear and convincing evidence, decides the respondent committed a first Intentional Program Violation of FAP program benefits for the period of time from August 1, 2005 through November 30, 2006.

Therefore, it is ORDERED that:

- (1) Respondent shall be personally disqualified from participation in the FAP program for one year. This disqualification period shall begin to run immediately as of the date of this order.
- (2) The department is entitled to recoup the overissuance of benefits Respondent ineligibly received. Respondent is ORDERED to reimburse the department for the \$1,101.00 FAP overissuance caused by his Intentional Program Violation (IPV).

<u>/S/</u>

Vicki L. Armstrong Administrative Law Judge for Ismael Ahmed, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: December 1, 2010

Date Mailed: December 2, 2010

<u>NOTICE</u>: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

