#### STATE OF MICHIGAN STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH

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## IN THE MATTER OF:

Appellant

Docket No. 2010-47775 PA Case No.

# DECISION AND ORDER

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 42 CFR 431.200 *et seq.*, upon the Appellant's request for a hearing.

After due notice, a hearing was held on

, appeared as the Appellant's representative.

### **ISSUE**

Did the Department properly deny the Appellant's prior-authorization request for a pediatric mobility item (stroller) with accessories?

### FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. The Appellant is a Medicaid beneficiary, who was born with spinal encephalomalacia and seizures. (Exhibit 1, pages 9-11)
- 2. The Appellant is not ambulatory.
- 3. On supporting documentation for a pediatric mobility item (stroller with seating system and headrest) "needed for safe transportation." (Exhibit 1, pages 9-10).
- 4. On the Department denied the prior-authorization request because under Medicaid policy, pediatric mobility items are covered for children ages three and over and the submitted documentation did not

support medical necessity for an exception to that policy. (Exhibit 1, page 3).

5. On Rules received the hearing request filed on the Appellant's behalf. (Exhibit 1, page 2)

# CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

The Medicaid Provider Manual policy regarding wheelchairs states:

# 2.47 WHEELCHAIRS, PEDIATRIC MOBILITY ITEMS AND SEATING SYSTEMS

### Definition

A wheelchair has special construction consisting of a frame and wheels with many different options and includes, but is not limited to, standard, lightweight high strength, powered, etc.

A pediatric mobility item (wheelchair/stroller) has special lightweight construction consisting of a frame and wheels with many different options and includes, but is not limited to, transport chairs.

Seating systems are systems to facilitate positioning in a wheelchair. These include, but are not limited to:

- Standard or planar prefabricated components or components assembled by a supplier or ordered from a manufacturer who makes available special features, modifications or components.
- Contoured seating is shaped to fit a person's body to provide support to facilitate proper posture and/or pressure relief. Contoured seating is not considered custom-made.
- Custom seating is uniquely constructed or substantially modified to meet the specific needs of an individual beneficiary.

A standing wheelchair is a wheelchair that incorporates a standing mechanism that may be self-propelled by the user for mobility. It allows an individual to go from a seated position to a standing position with either a manual level or power switch.

#### Standards of Coverage -

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Wheelchair Accessory may be covered if medically necessary to meet the functional needs of the beneficiary. Specific accessories are part of the initial purchase of a wheelchair and should not be billed separately. Other accessories/modifications are considered as upgrades and would require medical justification from physician, occupational or physical therapist. Specific wheelchair accessories requested solely to facilitate transport of a beneficiary within a vehicle are not covered.

The physician, occupational or physical therapist must address the status/condition of the current chair and include the brand, model, serial number and age of current chair.

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A **pediatric mobility item (wheelchair/stroller)** may be covered for children ages three and over when:

- The requested item will be the primary mobility device for a child who cannot self propel a manual wheelchair or operate a power wheelchair.
- Diagnosis or medical condition effects resulting in the ability to ambulate.
- It is required as a transport device when primary wheelchair is not portable and cannot be transported.

MDCH Medicaid Provider Manual, Medical Supplier Section, April 1, 2010, pages 79-81.

The stroller requested by Appellant's physician falls within the above-cited definition of a pediatric mobility item. The Medicaid Provider Manual criteria indicate that Medicaid does not cover pediatric wheelchairs for a child less than three years age. The Department denied the prior-authorization request because the Appellant is only

and the above-cited policy only allows for coverage for a beneficiary age three years and older.

There is an exception to the three years and above limitation but the documentation submitted with the prior-authorization request did not support an exception to the policy based on medical necessity because the stroller is being requested for the Appellant's safe transportation and not because of a medical need.

The Appellant's representative disagreed with the Department's denial. Appellant's mother indicated that she believed the request was for a seating system that would assist Appellant's trunk control while being upright during the day at home.

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The Department's witness explained that there is an exception for a medical condition, however the documentation did not state that there was a need for the stroller other than for transportation. The Department's witness established that the documentation submitted for Appellant did not indicate it was being requested for an indoor seating and positioning system.

The Appellant does not meet the Medicaid standards of coverage because he is under three years of age. Further, he has not proven medical necessity to warrant an exception to that policy.

#### DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that the Department properly denied the Appellant's request for a pediatric mobility item (stroller) with accessories.

### IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

The Department's decision is AFFIRMED.

Lisa K. Gigliotti Administrative Law Judge for Janet Olszewski, Director Michigan Department of Community Health

CC:

Date Mailed: <u>10/26/2010</u>

#### \*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*

The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.