STATE OF MICHIGAN STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:

Claimant

Reg. No:2010-41270Issue No:1038, 3029Case No:1038, 3029Load No:1000Hearing Date:1000July 28, 20101000Genesee County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Gary F. Heisler

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9; and MCL 400.37 upon claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a hearing was held on July 28, 2010. Claimant appeared and testified.

<u>ISSUES</u>

Did the Department of Human Services properly sanction Claimant's Family

Independence Program (FIP) case for failure to participate in employment and/or self-sufficiency related activities?

Did the Department of Human Services properly sanction Claimant's Food Assistance

Program (FAP) case for failure to participate in employment and/or self-sufficiency related

activities?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

2010-41270/GFH

Claimant was an ongoing recipient of Family Independence Program (FIP)
benefits. Claimant's benefit group consists of herself and her one child who is under the age of
Claimant was a mandatory participant in the Michigan Works Agency/Jobs Education and
Training Program (JET).

(2) On February 26, 2010, Claimant met with her JET case manager. Claimant was not meeting her job search participation requirements. Claimant told the case manager that she was having medical problems with her pregnancy. Claimant was told to provide medical documentation to support her assertion by March 3, 2010.

(3) On March 11, 2010, the Michigan Works Agency/Jobs Education and Training Program (JET) had not received any medical documentation from Claimant and requested a triage due to Claimant's failure to participate in employment and/or self-sufficiency related activities.

(4) On March 18, 2010, a Notice of Non-Compliance (DHS-2444) which scheduled a triage meeting for March 25, 2010, was sent to Claimant's address of record.

(5) On March 25, 2010, Claimant did not participate in the triage meeting or call to reschedule. The Department determined there was no good cause for Claimant's failure to participate in employment and/or self-sufficiency related activities.

(6) On April 1, 2010, Claimant submitted medical documentation of an appointment that day (4/1/10) and stating she could return to work on 9/6/10. Claimant also informed the Department she had moved.

(7) On May 13, 2010, Claimant was sent a Notice of Case Action (DHS-1605) stating

that her Family Independence Program (FIP) and Food Assistance Program (FAP) case would be sanctioned due to her failure to participate in employment and/or self-sufficiency related activities.

(8) On June 1, 2010, Claimant's Family Independence Program (FIP) and Food
Assistance Program (FAP) cases were sanctioned.

(9) On June 11, 2010, Claimant submitted a hand written request for hearing"concerning my JET program."

(10) Sometime between June 1 & June 23, 2010, Claimant submitted an application forFamily Independence Program (FIP) benefits.

(11) On June 23, 2010, Claimant was sent notice that her application for Family Independence Program (FIP) benefits was denied because her case was in sanction.

(12) On June 28, 2010, Claimant submitted a request for hearing on the June 23, 2010Notice of Case Action (DHS-1605).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 8 USC 601, *et seq.* The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the FIP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3101-3131. The FIP program replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

Department policy provides the following guidance for case workers. The Department's

policies are available on the internet through the Department's website.

FAILURE TO MEET EMPLOYMENT AND/OR SELFSUFFICIENCY- RELATED REQUIREMENTS: FIP

DEPARTMENT PHILOSOPHY

FIP

DHS requires clien ts to partic ipate in em ployment and self sufficiency related activities and to accept employm ent when offered. Our focus is to assist clients in removing barriers so they can participate in ac tivities which lead to self-sufficiency. However, there are consequences for a client who refuses to participate, without good cause.

The goal of the FIP pe nalty policy is to obtain client com pliance with appropriate work and/or self -sufficiency related assig nments and to ensure that barriers to such compliance have been identified and removed. The goal is to bring the client into compliance.

Noncompliance m ay be an indica tor of possible disabilities. Consider further exploration of any barriers.

DEPARTMENT POLICY

FIP

All Work Eligible Individual (WEI) and adult n on-WEIs (except ineligible grantees, clients deferred for lack of child care (DC) and disqualified aliens), see BEM 228, who fail, without good cause, to participate in em ployment or se lf-sufficiency-related activ ities, must be penalized.

Depending on the case situation, penalties include the following:

- Delay in eligibility at application.
- Ineligibility (denial or termination of FIP with no minimum penalty period).
- Case closure for a minimum of three or 12 months.

See B EM 233B for the Food Assistance Program (FAP) policy when the F IP penalty is closur e. For the Refugee Assis tance Program (RAP) penalty policy, see BEM 233C.

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH EMPLOYMENT AND/OR SELFSUFFICIENCY RELATED ACTIVITIES

As a condition of eligibility, all WEIs and non-WEIs must work or engage in employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activities.

Noncompliance of applicants, recipients, or m ember adds m eans doing **any** of the following **without** good cause:

Exception: Do not apply the three or 12 month penalty to ineligible caretakers, clients deferred for lack of child care and disqualified aliens.

Failure to complete a FAST or FSSP results in closure due to failure to provide requested verification. Clients can reapply at any time.

- Failing or refusing to:
 - •• Appear and participate with the Jobs, Education and Training (JET) Program or other em ployment service provider.
 - Complete a Fam ily Autom ated Screen ing Tool (FAST), as assigned as the first s tep in the FSSP process.

Note: FIS should clear any alerts relating to rejected JET refunds and any FAST confirmation information the client has obtained before considering a client noncompliant for FAST completion.

•• Develop a Family Self-Sufficiency Plan (FSSP).

Note: FIS must have scheduled a FSSP completion appointment with the client and the client failed to attend before considering a client noncompliant for FSSP completion.

- •• Comply with activities assigned on the FSSP.
- •• Provide le gitimate d ocumentation of work participation.

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- •• Appear for a scheduled appointment or m eeting related to assigned activities.
- •• Participate in em ployment and/o r s elf-sufficiencyrelated activities.
- •• Accept a job referral.
- •• Complete a job application.
- •• Appear for a job in terview (see the excep tion below).
- Stating orally or in writing a definite intent not to com ply with program requirements.
- Threatening, physically a busing or otherwise behaving disruptively toward anyone c onducting or participating in an employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activity.
- Refusing employment support services if the refusal prevents participation in an employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activity.

GOOD CAUSE FOR NONCOMPLIANCE

Good cause is a valid reason for noncom pliance with employment and/or self-sufficiency-related act ivities that are based on factors that are beyond the control of the noncom pliant person. A claim of good cause must be verified and docum ented for member adds and recipients.

NONCOMPLIANCE

PENALTIES FOR ACTIVE FIP CAS ES AND ME MBER ADDS

The penalty for noncompliance without good cause is FIP closure.

Effective April 1, 2007, the following minimum penalties apply:

• For the first occurrence on the FIP case, clos e the FIP for 3 calendar months unless the client is excused from the noncompliance as noted in "First Case Noncom pliance Without Loss of Benefits" below.

- For the second occurrence on the FIP case, close the FIP for 3 calendar months.
- For the third and subsequent occu rrence on the FIP cas e, close the FIP for 12 calendar months.

The penalty counter also begins April 1, 2007 regardless of the previous number of noncompliance penalties.

Begin the sanction period with the first pay period of a month. Penalties are autom atically calculated by the entry of noncompliance without good cause on the FSSP. This applies to active FIP cases, including those with a member add who is a WEI JET participant.

TRIAGE

JET partic ipants will not be te rminated f rom a JET program without first scheduling a "triage" meeting with the client to jointly discuss noncom pliance and good cause. Locally coordinate a process to notify the MW A case manager of triage m eetings including scheduling guidelines.

Clients can eithe r attend a m eeting or par ticipate in a conf erence call if atten dance at the triage m eeting is not p ossible. If a client calls to reschedule an already sc heduled triage m eeting, offer a phone conference at that tim e. Clients m ust com ply with triage requirements within the negative action period.

When a phone triage is conducted for a first noncom pliance and the client agrees to com ply, complete the DHS-754, First Noncompliance Letter, as you would com plete in a triage meeting. Note in the clien t sig nature box "Client Agreed by Phone". Immediately send a copy of the DHS-754 to the client and phone the JET case manager if the compliance activity is to attend JET.

Determine good cause based on the best inform ation available during the triage and prior to the negative action date. Good cause may be verified by information already on file with DHS or MWA. (BEM 233A)

FAILURE TO MEET EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS:

FAP

DEPARTMENT PHILOSOPHY

DHS requires participation in em ployment and/or self-sufficiency related activities a ssociated with the Fam ily Ind ependence Program (FIP) or Refug ee Assistance Program (RAP). Applicants or recipients of Food Assist ance Program (FAP) only m ust accept and maintain employment. There are consequences for client, who refuse to participate in FIP/RAP e mployment and/or selfsufficiency-related activities or refuses to accept or maintain employment without good cause.

DEPARTMENT POLICY

The policies in this item apply to all FAP applicants and recipients age 16 and over. Noncom pliance, without good cause, with employment requirem ents for FIP/RAP (see BEM 233A) may affect FAP if **both** programs were active on the date of the FIP noncompliance.

Michigan's FAP Employm ent and Training program is voluntary and penalties for noncompliance may only apply in the following two situations:

- Client is active FIP/ RAP and FAP and becomes noncompliant with a cash program requirement without good cause.
- Client is pending or ac tive FAP only and refuses employment (voluntarily quits a job, is fired or voluntarily reduces hours of employment) without good cause.

At no other time is a clienet considered noncompliant with employment or self-sufficiency related requirements for FAP.

PROCESS FOR FIP/RAP ASSOCIATED NONCOMPLIANCE

When you learn that a client is noncompliant do the following:

• Send the D HS-2444, Notice of Employm ent and/or Self-Sufficiency Related Noncom pliance within three days of the noncompliance.

Check all programs that apply to the noncompliance (FIP/ RAP and/or RAP) and the related penalty count that applies to each as outlined on the form. • Hold the triage appointm ent/phone conference and document the results in Bridges.

Note: If the client do es not par ticipate in the triage meeting, determine good cause for FAP base d on information known at the time of the determination.

• Determine FAP good c ause separately from the FIP/RAP based on FAP good cause reasons defined later in this item. If a good c ause reason is selected for FIP/RAP it also applies to FAP. If the clie nt does not m eet one of the FIP/RAP good cause reasons in the drop down list, but does meet one of the FAP only good cause reasons, select the FAP only good cause re ason to avoid client disqualification on FAP. Bridges makes both determinations simultaneously.

When To Disqualify

Disqualify a FAP group m ember for noncom pliance when all the following exist:

- The client was **active** both FIP and FAP on the date of the FIP noncompliance, **and**
- The client did **not** comply with FIP/RAP e mployment requirements, **and**
- The client is subject to a penalty on the FIP/RA P program, and
- The client is **not** deferred from FA P work requirements (see DEFERRALS in BEM 230B), and
- The client did not have good cause for the noncom pliance. (BEM 233B)

EMPLOYMENT-RELATED ACTIVITIES: FAP

DEPARTMENT PHILOSOPHY

Department of Human Services (DHS) has a unique opportunity to assist families in becoming strong, viable, participative m embers of the community. By involvi ng the adult m embers of the household in e mployment-related ac tivities, we help restore selfconfidence and a sense of self-wor th. These are corners tones to building strong, self-reliant fa milies. The goal of the Food Assistance Program is to ensure sound nutrition am ong c hildren and adults. In addition, the goal of our employment-related policies for FAP households is to assist applicants and recipients toward self-sufficiency by providing th em with opportunities to pursue employment and/or education and training.

DEPARTMENT POLICY

Use this item to determine work-related activities and deferrals for FAP clients. Also use th is item when FIP or R AP closes f or any reason other than a penalty or disqualification.

The items listed below must be used when FIP or RAP closes due to noncompliance and a penalty or disqualification is imposed. If the noncompliant client:

- Received FIP and FAP on the date of noncom pliance, see BEM 233B.
- Received RAP and FAP on the date of noncompliance, see BEM 233C.
- Did not receive FIP or R AP on the date of noncompliance, see BEM 233B.

DEFERRALS

Clients meeting one of the criteria below are temporarily deferred from employment-related activities.

Age

Defer a person who is:

- Under age 16 or at least age 60; or
- A16- or 17-year old who is **not** the grantee; **or**
- A grantee age 16 or 17 who
 - •• Lives with a parent or person in that role, **or**
 - •• Attends school at least half time, or

•• Is enro lled in an em ployment/training program at least half time.

Care of a Child

Defer one person who personally provides care for a child under age 6 who is in the FAP group.

Care of Disabled Household Member

Defer one person who personally provides care for a disabled member of his/her own FAP group.

Disability

Defer persons incapacitated due to injury, ph ysical illnes s or mental illness.

Education

A student enrolled at least **half time** in any recognized school, training p rogram or in stitution of higher ed ucation m eets the employment related activities requirement. This includes persons attending school for GED or adult high school completion.

Pregnancy

Defer pregnant women, beginning the **seventh** month of pregnancy **or** earlier if a pregnancy complication is medically documented.

Confirmation by an M D, DO, cer tified nurse-m idwife, ob-gyn nurse practitioner or ob-gyn clin ical nurse specialist which **must** include an expected date of delivery.

SSI/FAP Applicants

Defer applicants who apply for **both** SSI and FAP through the Social Security Adm inistration. The application for SSI a nd FAP must be made at the same time.

Substance Abuse Treatment Center Participant

Defer active partic ipants in inpatien t or outpatient program s f or substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation. This does not include AA or NA group meetings.

Unemployment Compensation (UC) Applicant or Recipient

Defer an applicant for or recipient of unemployment compensation (UC). This includes a person whose UC application denial is being appealed. (PEM 230B)

In this case there are two separate requests for hearing which have a relationship, but arise out of two separate time frames. First is the request Claimant made when her benefits were going to be sanctioned. Claimant does not dispute that she failed to meet her participation requirements in the JET Program, did not provide any medical documentation to the JET Program regarding her asserted pregnancy problems, or that she did not participate in the triage meeting scheduled for March 25, 2010.

Claimant asserts she was not meeting her JET participation requirements because she had pregnancy problems. When specifically asked what the problems were, Claimant testified she had morning sickness, swollen feet, and swollen legs. The Department policy cited above requires that all claims of good cause must be verified and documented. Claimant has not presented any medical documentation showing she was unable to participate in the JET Program during February 2010. Claimant has not established good cause for her failure to participate in employment and/or self-sufficiency related activities during February 2010. No further analysis is required to decide the question of whether Claimant's Family Independence Program (FIP) case should be sanctioned.

The May 13, 2010 Notice of Case Action (DHS-1605) also states that Claimant's Food Assistance Program (FAP) case will be sanctioned due to her failure to participate in

employment and/or self-sufficiency related activities. When sanction of Claimant's Food Assistance Program (FAP) case was discussed the Department representative argued that Claimant had not requested a hearing about the FAP case. Claimant's hearing request dated June 11, 2010 states "I will like to file for a hiring concerning my jet program." This request includes all impacts from the non-compliance with JET and there fore includes any sanction of her FAP case. During the hearing it was determined that Claimant's benefit group consist sof herself and one child under the age of 6. In accordance with PEM 230B, cited above, Claimant is deferred from employment related activities for Food Assistance Program (FAP) purposes. Claimant's FAP case should not be sanctioned.

During the hearing it was determined that after Claimant's Family Independence Program (FIP) case was sanctioned (closed) Claimant submitted an application for Family Independence Program (FIP) benefits. The June 23, 2010 Notice of Case Action (DHS-1605) gave Claimant notice that her application for Family Independence Program (FIP) benefits was denied because her FIP case was in sanction. Claimant submitted a request for hearing on the June 23, 2010 Notice of Case Action (DHS-1605) and it will be addressed in this Decision & Order. It has been decided that the sanction of Claimant's Family Independence Program (FIP) beginning June 1, 2010 was a correct action. It hen follows that denial of Claimant's application for Family Independence Program (FIP) benefits was in sanction.

2010-41270/GFH

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides the Department of Human Services properly sanctioned Claimant's Family Independence Program (FIP) case, beginning June 1, 2010, for failure to participate in employment and/or self-sufficiency related activities.

It is also decideid that the Department of Human Services properly denied Claimant's application for Family Independence Program (FIP) benefits made in June 2010, because her Family Independence Program (FIP) case was in sanction.

It is ORDERED that the actions of the Department of Human Services, regarding Claimant's Family Independence Program (FIP) in this matter, are UPHELD.

It is further decided that the Department of Human Services DID NOT properly sanction Claimant's Food Assistance Program (FAP) case for failure to participate in employment and/or self-sufficiency related activities.

It is ORDERED that the actions of the Department of Human Services, regarding Claimant's Food Assistance Program (FAP) in this matter, are REVERSED.

It is further ORDERED that any Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits Claimant was otherwise eligible for, but did not receive, be supplemented.

/s/

Gary F. Heisler Administrative Law Judge for Ismael Ahmed, Director Department of Human Services

2010-41270/GFH

Date Signed: <u>August 4, 2010</u>

Date Mailed: <u>August 12, 2010</u>

NOTICE: Administrative Hearings may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hearings will not o rder a rehe aring or re consideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 60 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a tim ely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

GFH/alc

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