STATE OF MICHIGAN STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF: Reg. No.: 2010-36132

Issue No.: 2021

Case No.:

Load No.:

Hearing Date: October 7, 2010
DHS County: Oakland (04)

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Jan Leventer

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL) 400.9 and 400.37 and Claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on October 7, 2010. Claimant appeared and testified.

, appeared and testified on behalf of the Department of Human Services (DHS).

ISSUE

Whether DHS properly denied Medicaid (Medical Assistance or MA) to Claimant?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on competent, material, and substantial evidence in the record and on the entire record as a whole, finds as fact:

- 1. Claimant's MA application states that he owns a profitsharing account valued at more than \$2,000.
- 2. On November 4, 2009, DHS denied Claimant's application for MA benefits for the reason that, "The value of your countable assets is higher than allowed for this program."
- 3. On January 26, 2010, Claimant filed a request for a hearing with DHS.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

MA was established by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations. DHS administers MA pursuant to MCL 400.10,

et seq., and MCL 400.105. DHS policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT). These manuals are available online at www.michigan.gov/dhs-manuals.

In this case, Claimant disputes DHS' denial of MA benefits to him. The legal authority applicable here is BEM Item 105, "Medicaid Overview." The current version of this Item is online and is the same as the version that was in effect at the time of DHS' denial of benefits in this case.

I quote from the version of this Item that was in effect on November 4, 2009, which is a version originally adopted on April 1, 2009:

DEPARTMENT POLICY

MA ONLY

The goal of the Medicaid program is to ensure that essential health care services are made available to those who otherwise could not afford them. Medicaid is also known as Medical Assistance (MA).

SSI-RELATED AND FIP-RELATED

The Medicaid program is comprised of several sub-programs (i.e., categories). One category is FIP [Family Independence Program] recipients. Another category is SSI recipients. There are several other categories for persons not receiving FIP or SSI. However, the eligibility factors for these categories are based on (related to) the eligibility factors in either the FIP or SSI program. Therefore, these categories are referred to as either FIP-related or SSI-related.

To receive MA under an SSI-related category, the person must be aged (65 or older), blind, disabled, entitled to Medicare or formerly blind or disabled.

Families with dependent children, caretaker relatives of dependent children, persons under age 21 and pregnant, or recently pregnant, women receive MA under FIP-related categories. BEM 105, p. 1. (Italics added for emphasis.)

In this case, I find and conclude that DHS properly applied the legal standard to determine eligibility when it found that Claimant was an SSI-related applicant for the program. Accordingly, DHS correctly imposed on Claimant the \$2,000 asset limit set forth in BEM 400. DHS' action is a correct legal action and is AFFIRMED. DHS need take no further action in this matter.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, finds that DHS acted in accordance with appropriate policy and procedure in this matter and DHS is therefore AFFIRMED. DHS need take no further action in this matter.

Jan Leventer Administrative Law Judge for Ismael Ahmed, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: October 7, 2010

Date Mailed: October 11, 2010

NOTICE: Administrative Hearings may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hearings will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

JL/pf

CC:

