STATE OF MICHIGAN STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:

Claim

ant

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Gary F. Heisler

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9;

and MCL 400.37 upon claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing

was held on May 13, 2010. Claimant appeared and testified.

<u>ISSUE</u>

Did the Department of Human Services properly sanction Claimant's Family

Independence Program (FIP) case for failure to participate in employment and/or self-sufficiency

related activities?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

(1) Claimant was an ongoing recipient of Family Independence Program (FIP),

Medical Assistance (MA), Food Assistance Program (FAP), and Child Development and Care (CDC) benefits. Claimant was assigned to the Michigan Works Agency/Jobs Education and Training Program (JET) and was required to participate 20 hours per week.

(2) On December 1, 2009, Claimant had an unexcused absence from participation in the Michigan Works Agency/Jobs Education and Training Program (JET).

(3) On December 8, 2009, Claimant had an unexcused absence from participation in the Michigan Works Agency/Jobs Education and Training Program (JET).

(4) On December 17, 2009, Claimant had an unexcused absence from participation in the Michigan Works Agency/Jobs Education and Training Program (JET).

(5) On December 29, 2009, Claimant had an unexcused absence from participation in the Michigan Works Agency/Jobs Education and Training Program (JET).

(6) On January 8, 2010, Claimant was assigned to triage for non-compliance.

(7) On January 27, 2010, Claimant was sent a Notice of Non-Compliance (DHS 2444). The notice scheduled a triage meeting for February 5, 2010.

(8) On February 5, 2010, Claimant called and rescheduled the triage meeting forFebruary 17, 2010.

(9) On February 17, 2010, Claimant did not appear for the triage, participate by telephone, or reschedule the meeting.

(10) On March 22, 2010, Claimant was sent a Notice of Case Action (DHS-1605) stating her Family Independence Program (FIP) case would close5/1/10, her Food Assistance Program (FAP) case would be reduced because she was being removed from the benefit group, and her Child Development and Care (CDC) case would close because there was no need for child care.

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(11) On April 1, 2010, Claimant submitted a timely hearing request for her Child Development and Care (CDC), Food Assistance Program (FAP), and Medical Assistance (MA) cases.

(12) There was no negative action or change to Claimant's Medical Assistance (MA) case so that program is not a hearable issue.

(13) On April 4, 2010, the Department case worker determined that a sanction of Claimant's Food Assistance Program (FAP) case was incorrect. The FAP case was reinstated and Claimant lost no FAP benefits. The action on the FAP case has been resolved so it will not be a part of this hearing.

(14) On April 19, 2010, Claimant submitted a request for hearing about the closure of her Family Independence Program (FIP) case. That request for hearing was incorporated into this register number.

(15) Beginning April 24, 2010, Claimant was again eligible for Child Development and Care (CDC) benefits due to employment which she verified with the Department. After discussion of the Child Development and Care (CDC) issue during this hearing Claimant stated she does not feel the Department did anything wrong with her CDC case and does not need that issue to be heard.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 8 USC 601, *et seq.* The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the FIP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3101-3131. The FIP program replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program

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effective October 1, 1996. Department policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual

(BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

Department policy provides the following guidance for case workers. The Department's

policies are available on the internet through the Department's website.

FAILURE TO MEET EMPLOYMENT AND/OR SELFSUFFICIENCY-RELATED REQUIREMENTS: FIP

DEPARTMENT PHILOSOPHY

FIP

DHS requires clien ts to partic ipate in em ployment and self sufficiency related activities and to accept employm ent when offered. Our focus is to assist clients in removing barriers so they can participate in ac tivities which lead to self-sufficiency. However, there are consequences for a client who refuses to participate, without good cause.

The goal of the FIP pe nalty policy is to obtain client com pliance with appropriate work and/or self -sufficiency related assig nments and to ensure that barriers to such compliance have been identified and removed. The goal is to bring the client into compliance.

Noncompliance m ay be an indica tor of possible disabilities. Consider further exploration of any barriers.

DEPARTMENT POLICY

FIP

All Work Eligible Individual (WEI) and adult n on-WEIs (except ineligible grantees, clients deferred for lack of child care (DC) and disqualified aliens), see BEM 228, who fail, without good cause, to participate in em ployment or se lf-sufficiency-related activ ities, must be penalized.

Depending on the case situation, penalties include the following:

- Delay in eligibility at application.
- Ineligibility (denial or termination of FIP with no minimum penalty period).

• Case closure for a minimum of three or 12 months.

See B EM 233B for the Food Assistance Program (FAP) policy when the F IP penalty is closur e. For the Refugee Assis tance Program (RAP) penalty policy, see BEM 233C.

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH EMPLOYMENT AND/OR SELFSUFFICIENCYRELATED ACTIVITIES

As a condition of eligibility, all WEIs and non-WEIs must work or engage in employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activities.

Noncompliance of applicants, recipients, or m ember adds m eans doing **any** of the following **without** good cause:

Exception: Do not apply the three or 12 month penalty to ineligible caretakers, c lients deferred for lack o f child ca re (DC) and disqualified aliens. Failure to com plete a FAST or FSSP results in closure due to failure to provide requested verification.

Clients can reapply at any time.

- Failing or refusing to:
 - •• Appear and participate with the Jobs, Education and Training (JET) Program or other em ployment service provider.
 - Complete a Fam ily Autom ated Screen ing Tool (FAST), as assigned as the firs t s tep in the F SSP process.

Note: FIS should clear the FAST Fall Out Report and any FAST confirmation information the client has obtained before considering a client noncompliant for FAST non-completion.

• Develop a Family Self-Sufficiency Plan (FSSP) or a Personal Responsibility Plan and Fa mily Contract (PRPFC).

Note: FIS must have scheduled a FSSP completion appointment with the client and the client failed to attend before considering a client noncompliant for FSSP non-completion.

- •• Comply with activ ities assigned to on the Family Self Sufficiency Plan (FSSP) or PRPFC.
- •• Provide le gitimate d ocumentation of work participation.
- •• Appear for a scheduled appointment or meeting.
- •• Participate in em ployment and/o r s elf-sufficiencyrelated activities.
- •• Accept a job referral.
- •• Complete a job application.
- •• Appear for a job in terview (see the excep tion below).
- Stating orally or in writing a definite intent not to com ply with program requirements.
- Threatening, physically a busing or otherwise behaving disruptively toward anyone c onducting or participating in an employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activity.
- Refusing employm ent support services if the refusal prevents p articipation in an em ployment and/or self-sufficiency-related activity.

Refusing Suitable Employment.

Refusing suitable employment means doing any of the following:

- Voluntarily reducing hours or otherwise reducing earnings.
- Quitting a job (see exception below).

Exception: This does NOT apply if:

- •• The MWA verifies the client changed jobs or reduced hours in order to participate in an MW A approved education and training program.
- •• A teen parent or dep endent child q uits a seaso nal job to return to a high school or GED program.

• Firing for m isconduct or absenteeism (not for incompetence).

Note: Misconduct sufficient to warrant firing includes any action by an employee or other adult group member that is harmful to the interest of the em ployer, and is done intentionally or in disregard of the employer's interest, or is due to gross negligence. It includes but is not lim ited to drug or alco hol influence at work, physical violence, and theft or willful des truction of p roperty con nected with the individual's work.

• Refusing a bona fide offer of e mployment or additional hours **up to** 40 hours per week. A bona fide offer of employment means a definite offer paying wages of at least the applicable state m inimum wage. The em ployment may be on a shift; full or part time **up to** 40 hours per week; and temporary, seasonal or permanent.

GOOD CAUSE FOR NONCOMPLIANCE

Good cause is a valid reason for noncom pliance with employment and/or self-sufficiency-related act ivities that are based on factors that arebeyond the control of the noncom pliant person. A claim of good causemust be verified and docum ented for member adds and recipients.

NONCOMPLIANCE

PENALTIES AT APPLICATION

Noncompliance by a WEI while the application is pending results in **group** ineligibility. A WEI applicant who refused e mployment without good cause, within 30 days pr ior to the date of application or while the application is pending must have benefits delayed.

A good cause determination is not required for applicants who are noncompliant prior to FIP case opening.

NONCOMPLIANCE

PENALTIES FOR ACTIVE FIP CASES AND ME MBER ADDS

The penalty for noncompliance without good cause is FIP closure.

Effective April 1, 2007, the following minimum penalties apply:

- For the first occurrence on the FIP case, clos e the FIP for 3 calendar months unless the client is excused from the noncompliance as noted in "First Case Noncom pliance Without Loss of Benefits" below.
- For the second occurrence on the FIP case, close the FIP for 3 calendar months.
- For the third and subsequent occu rrence on the FIP cas e, close the FIP for 12 calendar months.

The penalty counter also begins April 1, 2007 regardless of the previous number of noncompliance penalties.

Begin the sanction period with the first pay period of a month. Penalties are autom atically calculated by the entry of noncompliance without good cause on the FSSP. This applies to active FIP cases, including those with a member add who is a WEI JET participant.

TRIAGE

JET partic ipants will not be te rminated f rom a JET program without first scheduling a "triage" meeting with the client to jointly discuss noncom pliance and good cause. Locally coordinate a process to notify the MW A case manager of triage m eetings including scheduling guidelines.

Clients can eithe r attend a m eeting or par ticipate in a conf erence call if atten dance at the triage m eeting is not p ossible. If a client calls to reschedule an already sc heduled triage m eeting, offer a phone conference at that tim e. Clients m ust com ply with triage requirements within the negative action period.

When a phone triage is conducted for a first noncom pliance and the client agrees to com ply, complete the DHS-754, First Noncompliance Letter, as you would com plete in a triage meeting. Note in the clien t sig nature box "Client Agreed by Phone". Immediately send a copy of the DHS-754 to the client and phone the JET case manager if the compliance activity is to attend JET.

Determine good cause based on the best inform ation available during the triage and prior to the negative action date. Good cause may be verified by information already on file with DHS or MWA.

HEARINGS

Expedited Hearings

Staff m ust identify cases for SOAHR (adm inistrative hearings) when a client files a hearing based on closure d ue to noncompliance with an employment and/or self-sufficiency related activity. SOAHR has agreed to expe dite these hearing requests in an effort to engage clients in a time use and improve the state's overall work participation rate.

Write "**Expedited Hearing E&T**" at the top of the hearing request so that it can be easily identified as a priority. Refer to PAM 600, "Expedited Hearings" for additional instructions.

Hearing Decisions

When a hearing decision is upheld for noncompliance, impose the penalty for the first full month possible for either 3 or 12 months. Do not recoup benefits. (BEM 233A)

Claimant does not dispute that she had 4 unexcused absences from her Michigan Works

Agency/Jobs Education and Training Program (JET) participation requirements. Claimant

testified that she was working on call for a maintenance company and also began working for

on December 14, 2009. During the hearing Claimant did not provide any

explanation for her unexcused absences. Claimant did not establish any good cause reason for

the non-compliance.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of

law, decides the Department of Human Services properly sanctioned Claimant's Family

Independence Program (FIP) case for failure to participate in employment and/or self-sufficiency

related activities.

It is ORDERED that the actions of the Department of Human Services, in this matter, are UPHELD.

/s/

Gary F. Heisler Administrative Law Judge for Ismael Ahmed, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: <u>May 17, 2010</u>

Date Mailed: May 18, 2010

NOTICE: Administrative Hearings may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hearings will not o rder a rehe aring or re consideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 60 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a tim ely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

GFH/alc

cc:

