### STATE OF MICHIGAN STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH

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### IN THE MATTER OF:

Docket No. 2010-23438 HHS Case No.

Appellant

# **DECISION AND ORDER**

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 42 CFR 431.200 *et seq.*, upon the Appellant's request for a hearing.

After due notice, a hearing was held . represented herself.

was present as a Department witness. , was present as a Department witness.

# **ISSUE**

Did the Department properly reduce Home Help Services payments to the Appellant?

### FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. The Appellant is a year old Medicaid beneficiary who participates in the Home Help Services program.
- 2. The Appellant is diagnosed with medical conditions that render her weak, thus she requires physical assistance with some activities of daily living and instrumental activities of daily living, as determined by the Department's Adult Home Help Services worker.

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- 3. Following a home call and case review, the Department's worker telephoned the appellant to clarify information she ascertained by reviewing the case log that had been submitted by the Appellant's provider.
- 4. The worker learned on the telephone call that the Appellant's provider physically assists her with dressing three (3) days per week, bathing two (2) days per week, housework five (5) days per week and meal preparation four (4) days per week.
- 5. Following the telephone call, the worker sent an Advance Negative Action Notice informing the Appellant reductions in payment would be effected based upon what she had been told about the Appellant's care needs.
- 6. Prior to the reduction in payment, the Appellant had been authorized for payment assistance with bathing, dressing, meal preparation, and housework seven (7) days per week.
- 7. The Department sent Notice of the reduction on or about with an effective date of
- 8. The Appellant requested a formal, administrative hearing

# CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

Home Help Services (HHS) are provided to enable functionally limited individuals to live independently and receive care in the least restrictive, preferred settings. These activities must be certified by a physician and may be provided by individuals or by private or public agencies.

# ELIGIBILITY FOR HOME HELP SERVICES

Home help services (HHS) are defined as those, which the Agency is paying for through Title XIX (Medicaid) funds. The customer must be eligible for Medicaid in order to receive these services.

# Medicaid/Medical Aid (MA)

Verify the customer's Medicaid/Medical aid status.

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The customer may be eligible for MA under one of the following:

- All requirements for MA have been met, or
- MA spend-down obligation has been met.

Adult Services Manual (ASM) 9-1-2008

### Necessity For Service

The adult services worker is responsible for determining the necessity and level of need for HHS based on:

- Customer choice.
- A complete comprehensive assessment and determination of the customer's need for personal care services.

• Verification of the customer's medical need by a Medicaid enrolled medical professional. The customer is responsible for obtaining the medical certification of need. The Medicaid provider identification number must be entered on the form by the medical provider. The Medical Needs form must be signed and dated by one of the following medical professionals:

- Physician
- Nurse Practitioner
- Occupational Therapist
- Physical Therapist

The physician is to certify that the customer's need for service is related to an existing medical condition. The physician does not prescribe or authorize personal care services.

If the Medical Needs form has not been returned, the adult services worker should follow-up with the customer and/or medical professional.

# **COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT**

The Adult Services Comprehensive Assessment (DHS-324) is the primary tool for determining need for services. The comprehensive assessment will be completed on all open cases, whether a home help payment will be made or not. ASCAP, the automated workload management system

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provides the format for the comprehensive assessment and all information will be entered on the computer program.

Requirements for the comprehensive assessment include, but are not limited to:

- A comprehensive assessment will be completed on all new cases.
- A face-to-face contact is required with the customer in his/her place of residence.
- An interview must be conducted with the caregiver, if applicable.
- Observe a copy of the customer's social security card.
- Observe a picture I.D. of the caregiver, if applicable.
- The assessment must be updated as often as necessary, but minimally at the six month review and annual re-determination.
- A release of information must be obtained when requesting documentation from confidential sources and/or sharing information from the department record.
- Follow specialized rules of confidentiality when ILS cases have companion APS cases.

# **Functional Assessment**

The **Functional Assessment** module of the **ASCAP** comprehensive assessment is the basis for service planning and for the HHS payment.

Conduct a functional assessment to determine the customer's ability to perform the following activities:

Activities of Daily Living (ADL)

- Eating
- Toileting
- Bathing
- Grooming
- Dressing
- Transferring
- Mobility

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Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADL)

- •• Taking Medication
- •• Meal Preparation and Cleanup
- •• Shopping
- •• Laundry
- •• Housework

Functional Scale ADL's and IADL's are assessed according to the following five-point scale:

1. Independent

Performs the activity safely with no human assistance.

2. Verbal Assistance

Performs the activity with verbal assistance such as reminding, guiding or encouraging.

- 3. Some Human Assistance Performs the activity with some direct physical assistance and/or assistive technology.
- 4. Much Human Assistance Performs the activity with a great deal of human assistance and/or assistive technology.
- 5. Dependent

Does not perform the activity even with human assistance and/or assistive technology.

**Note:** HHS payments may only be authorized for needs assessed at the 3 level or greater.

# Time and Task

The worker will allocate time for each task assessed a rank of 3 or higher, based on the interviews with the client and provider, observation of the client's abilities and use of the reasonable time schedule (RTS) as a guide. The RTS can be found in ASCAP under the Payment module, Time and Task screen. When hours exceed the RTS rationale must be provided.

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# IADL Maximum Allowable Hours

There are monthly maximum hour limits on all IADLs except medication. The limits are as follows:

- Five hours/month for shopping
- Six hours/month for light housework
- Seven hours/month for laundry
- 25 hours/month for meal preparation.

These are maximums; as always, if the client needs fewer hours, that is what must be authorized. Hours should continue to be prorated in shared living arrangements. If there is a need for expanded hours, a request should be submitted to:

\* \* \*

### Service Plan Development

Address the following factors in the development of the service plan:

- The specific services to be provided, by whom and at what cost.
- The extent to which the Client does not perform activities essential to the caring for self. The intent of the Home Help program is to assist individuals to function as independently as possible. It is important to work with the recipient and the provider in developing a plan to achieve this goal.
- The kinds and amounts of activities required for the client's maintenance and functioning in the living environment.
- The availability or ability of a responsible relative or legal dependent of the client to perform the tasks the client does not perform. Authorize HHS only for those services or times which the responsible relative/legal dependent is unavailable or unable to provide.

Note: Unavailable means absence from the home, for employment or other legitimate reasons. Unable means the responsible person has disabilities of his/her own which prevent caregiving. These disabilities must be documented/verified by a medical professional on the DHS-54A.

- Do not authorize HHS payments to a responsible relative or legal dependent of the client.
- The extent to which others in the home are able and available to provide the needed services. Authorize HHS only for the benefit of the client and not for others in the home. If others are living in the home, prorate the IADL's by at least 1/2, more if appropriate.
- The availability of services currently provided free of charge. A written statement by the provider that he is no longer able to furnish the service at no cost is sufficient for payment to be authorized as long as the provider is not a responsible relative of the client.
- HHS may be authorized when the client is receiving other home care services if the services are not duplicative (same service for the same time period).

Adult Services Manual (ASM) 9-1-2008

Department policy addresses the need for supervision, monitoring or guiding below:

# Services Not Covered By Home Help Services

Do **not** authorize HHS for the following:

- Supervising, monitoring, reminding, guiding or encouraging (functional assessment rank 2);
- Services provided for the benefit of others;
- Services for which a responsible relative is able and available to provide;
- Services provided free of charge;
- Services provided by another resource at the same time;
- Transportation Medical transportation policy and procedures are in Services Manual Item 211.

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- Money management, e.g., power of attorney, representative payee;
- Medical services;
- Home delivered meals;
- Adult day care

# Adult Services Manual (ASM) 9-1-2008

In this case, the testimony from the Department's worker was that she spoke with the Appellant on the telephone for the purpose of clarifying something she had seen on the provider logs. She said she had authorized payment assistance for the Appellant for seven (7) days per week, but noticed the logs reflected assistance less than seven (7) days for each of the tasks. Thus, she called the Appellant to discuss it. The Appellant informed her that she gets help dressing three (3) days per week, bathing two (2) days per week, housework five (5) days per week, and four (4) days per week of meal preparation. The worker adjusted (reduced) the payment to be congruent with what she had been informed of directly by the Appellant.

The Appellant testified that she informed her that the hours her provider comes do vary, but that she does things for her children too and the ranking (functional abilities) are wrong and that she does nothing independently. She did not provide evidence to corroborate this claim, despite the evidence she informed her worker she gets help less than all seven (7) days of the week. She did not provide detailed testimony supporting a change in her functional ranks.

This ALJ finds the Department's reductions are based on competent, material and relevant evidence. They are supported by policy. There is insufficient evidence in the record to support a finding the payment assistance approved is inadequate to address the Appellant's needs. In reviewing the Notice sent the Appellant, this ALJ must address the error by the Department. The payment reduction requires sending an Advance Negative Action Notice. The Advance Negative Action Notice has a pendency period that allows people to request hearing PRIOR to the implementation of a reduction. The Notice sent by the Department's worker in this case purportedly took effect in **Exercise**, prior to the date of the telephone call or the date the Notice was even printed. This is not supported by Department Adult Home Services Policy and further more, expressly prohibited by the Code of Federal Regulations, cited below:

The Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter 42 addresses the Appellant's rights with respect to Advance Negative Notice of an agency action:

# § 431.211 Advance notice.

The State or local agency must mail a notice at least 10 days before the date of action, except as permitted under §§ 431.213 and 431.214 of this subpart.

# § 431.213 Exceptions from advance notice.

The agency may mail a notice not later than the date of action if-

(a) The agency has factual information confirming the death of a recipient;

(b) The agency receives a clear written statement signed by a recipient that—

(1) He no longer wishes services; or

(2) Gives information that requires termination or reduction of services and indicates that he understands that this must be the result of supplying that information;

(c) The recipient has been admitted to an institution where he is ineligible under the plan for further services;

(d) The recipient's whereabouts are unknown and the post office returns agency mail directed to him indicating no forwarding address (See § 431.231 (d) of this subpart for procedure if the recipient's whereabouts become known);

(e) The agency establishes the fact that the recipient has been accepted for Medicaid services by another local jurisdiction, State, territory, or commonwealth;

(f) A change in the level of medical care is prescribed by the recipient's physician;

(g) The notice involves an adverse determination made with regard to the preadmission screening requirements of section 1919(e)(7) of the Act; or (h) The date of action will occur in less than 10 days, in accordance with § 483.12(a)(5)(ii), which provides exceptions to the 30 days notice requirements of § 483.12(a)(5)(i)

The Department was required to provide at least ten (10) days advanced notice. It did not. The Department error concerning the effective date must be corrected.

This ALJ finds the payment reduction for meal preparation, housework, dressing, and bathing is supported by competent, material and substantial evidence.

# DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, finds the Department has properly reduced payment assistance for the tasks of meal preparation, dressing, housework and bathing. The Department must correct the Notice error by adjusting payment that may have been reduced for the month of



### IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

The Department's decision is AFFIRMED in PART and REVERSED in PART.

Jennifer Isiogu Administrative Law Judge for Janet Olszewski, Director Michigan Department of Community Health



Date Mailed: 05/19/2010

#### \*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\*

The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.