

**STATE OF MICHIGAN  
STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES  
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH**

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IN THE MATTER OF:

██████████

Appellant

\_\_\_\_\_ /

Docket No. 2010-16088 HHS

██████████

**DECISION AND ORDER**

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 42 CFR 431.200 *et seq.*, upon the Appellant's request for a hearing.

After due notice, a hearing was held ██████████. ██████████ appeared on her own behalf. ██████████, Outpatient Case Manager, appeared as a translator. ██████████ Appeals and Review Officer, represented the Department. ██████████, Adult Services Worker, and ██████████, Adult Services Supervisor, were present as Department witnesses.

**ISSUE**

Did the Department properly deny the Appellant's Home Help Services application?

**FINDINGS OF FACT**

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. The Appellant is a ██████████ Medicaid beneficiary who requested Adult Home Help Services.
2. On ██████████ the Department issued an Adequate Negative Action Notice to the Appellant indicating that her Home Help Services request was denied, effective ██████████, because the DHS 54-A Medical Needs form and services application were not returned by the due date. (Exhibit 1, pages 8-10)

3. On ██████████, the Department received two DHS 54-A Medical Needs forms from the doctor, one regarding the Appellant and the other regarding her husband. (Exhibit 1, pages 12-13)
4. On ██████████, an Adult Services Worker conducted an in home assessment with the Appellant to determine eligibility for Home Help Services. (Exhibit 1, page 11)
5. As a result of the information gathered from the Appellant at the assessment, her observations and from the DHS 54-A Medical Needs forms, the ASW determined that the Appellant was not eligible for Home Help Services. (Exhibit 1, page 11)
6. On ██████████, the Department issued an Adequate Negative Action Notice to the Appellant indicating that her Home Help Services application was denied, effective ██████████, because she does not appear to need services and her husband is responsible to provide any services she is unable to be perform. (Exhibit 1, pages 4-7)
7. The Appellant requested a formal, administrative hearing ██████████  
██████████ (Exhibit 1, page 3)

### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

Home Help Services (HHS) are provided to enable functionally limited individuals to live independently and receive care in the least restrictive, preferred settings. These activities must be certified by a physician and may be provided by individuals or by private or public agencies.

Adult Services Manual (ASM 363) 9-1-2008, pages 2-5 of 24 addresses the issue of assessment:

### **COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT**

The Adult Services Comprehensive Assessment (FIA-324) is the primary tool for determining need for services. The comprehensive assessment will be completed on all open cases, whether a home help payment will be made or not. ASCAP, the automated workload management system provides the format for the comprehensive assessment and all information will be entered on the computer program.

Requirements for the comprehensive assessment include, but are not limited to:

- A comprehensive assessment will be completed on all new cases.
- A face-to-face contact is required with the client in his/her place of residence.
- An interview must be conducted with the caregiver, if applicable.
- Observe a copy of the client's social security card.
- Observe a picture I.D. of the caregiver, if applicable.
- The assessment must be updated as often as necessary, but minimally at the six-month review and annual redetermination.
- A release of information must be obtained when requesting documentation from confidential sources and/or sharing information from the department record.
- Follow specialized rules of confidentiality when ILS cases have companion APS cases.

### **Functional Assessment**

The **Functional Assessment** module of the **ASCAP** comprehensive assessment is the basis for service planning and for the HHS payment.

Conduct a functional assessment to determine the client's ability to perform the following activities:

#### Activities of Daily Living (ADL)

- Eating
- Toileting
- Bathing
- Grooming
- Dressing
- Transferring
- Mobility

#### Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADL)

- Taking Medication
- Meal Preparation and Cleanup
- Shopping
- Laundry

- Light Housework

Functional Scale ADL's and IADL's are assessed according to the following five-point scale:

1. Independent  
Performs the activity safely with no human assistance.
2. Verbal Assistance  
Performs the activity with verbal assistance such as reminding, guiding or encouraging.
3. Some Human Assistance  
Performs the activity with some direct physical assistance and/or assistive technology.
4. Much Human Assistance  
Performs the activity with a great deal of human assistance and/or assistive technology.
5. Dependent  
Does not perform the activity even with human assistance and/or assistive technology.

**Note:** HHS payments may only be authorized for needs assessed at the 3 level or greater.

### **Time and Task**

The worker will allocate time for each task assessed a rank of 3 or higher, based on interviews with the client and provider, observation of the client's abilities and use of the reasonable time schedule (RTS) as a guide. The RTS can be found in **ASCAP** under the **Payment** module, Time and Task screen.

### **IADL Maximum Allowable Hours**

There are monthly maximum hour limits on all IADLs except medication. The limits are as follows:

- 5 hours/month for shopping
- 6 hours/month for light housework
- 7 hours/month for laundry
- 25 hours/month for meal preparation

These are maximums; as always, if the client needs fewer hours, that is what must be authorized. Hours should continue to be prorated in shared living arrangements.

### Service Plan Development

Address the following factors in the development of the service plan:

- The specific services to be provided, by whom and at what cost.
- The extent to which the client does not perform activities essential to caring for self. The intent of the Home Help program is to assist individuals to function as independently as possible. It is important to work with the recipient and the provider in developing a plan to achieve this goal.
- The kinds and amounts of activities required for the client's maintenance and functioning in the living environment.
- The availability or ability of a responsible relative or legal dependent of the client to perform the tasks the client does not perform. Authorize HHS **only** for those services or times which the responsible relative/legal dependent is unavailable or unable to provide.

**Note: Unavailable** means absence from the home, for employment or other legitimate reasons. **Unable** means the responsible person has disabilities of his/her own which prevent caregiving. These disabilities must be documented/verified by a medical professional on the DHS-54A.

- Do **not** authorize HHS payments to a responsible relative or legal dependent of the client.
- The extent to which others in the home are able and available to provide the needed services. Authorize HHS **only** for the benefit of the client and **not** for others in the home. If others are living in the home, prorate the IADL's by at least 1/2, more if appropriate.
- The availability of services currently provided free of charge. A written statement by the provider that he is no longer able to furnish the service at no cost is sufficient for payment to be authorized as

long as the provider is not a responsible relative of the client.

- HHS may be authorized when the client is receiving other home care services if the services are not duplicative (same service for same time period).

Adult Services Manual (ASM 363) 9-1-2008, Pages 2-5 of 24

On ██████████, the Adult Services Worker (worker) completed a home visit as part of an HHS comprehensive assessment in accordance with Department policy. The worker testified that based on the information available at the time of the assessment the Appellant has a responsible relative, her husband, who can and is providing services for her. The worker explained that DHS 54-A Medical needs forms were received regarding both the Appellant and her husband. (Exhibit 1, pages 12-13) The physician did not indicate that the Appellant's husband needed any assistance with the listed personal care activities himself or that he was unable to assist his wife with any of these activities. (Exhibit 1, page 13) Without documentation that the Appellant's husband was disabled and/or unavailable, the Department policy indicates that he is responsible to care for the Appellant.

The Appellant disagrees with the determination and testified that her husband is disabled himself and is unable to provide the needed care services. The Appellant stated that her husband began receiving social security disability benefits about one month before this hearing. The Appellant also stated that she is separated from her husband and they live in separate apartments.

The Department properly considered the availability and ability of the Appellant's husband to provide care for the Appellant. The Adult Services Glossary defines a responsible relative as a person's spouse or a parent of an unmarried child under age 18. Adult Services Glossary (ASG Glossary) 12-1-2007, Page 5 of 6. The Appellant's husband meets the definition of a responsible relative. Under Department policy, Home Help Services for the Appellant could only be authorized for those services or times which the responsible relative is unavailable or unable to provide. The policy notes that unavailable means absence from the home, for employment or other legitimate reasons. Unable means the responsible person has disabilities of his/her own which prevent care giving. These disabilities must be documented/verified by a medical professional on the DHS-54A. Adult Services Manual (ASM 363) 9-1-2008, Page 5 of 24.

At the time of the ██████████ assessment, the information gathered by the worker indicated that Appellant's husband lived in the next building, that she saw him regularly and that he drives her to doctor appointments. (Exhibit 1, page 11) The physician did not document that the Appellant's husband suffered from any disabilities that would prevent him from providing care to the Appellant. (Exhibit 1, page 13) The Appellant's testimony that her husband has been found disabled by the Social Security Administration indicates that this occurred after the worker completed the assessment.

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**Decision and Order**

The Appellant did not meet her burden of proving, by a preponderance of evidence, that the Department improperly denied her home help services application. Based on the information available to the Department at the time of the assessment, eligibility for Home Help Services was not supported.

**DECISION AND ORDER**

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, finds the Department has properly denied the Appellant's home help services application based on the information available at the time of the assessment.

**IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED** that:

The Department's decision is **AFFIRMED**.

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Colleen Lack  
Administrative Law Judge  
for Janet Olszewski, Director  
Michigan Department of Community Health

cc:

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] re

Date Mailed: 4/14/2010

**\*\*\* NOTICE \*\*\***

The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.