STATE OF MICHIGAN
STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH
P.O. Box 30763, Lansing, MI 48909
(877) 833-0870; Fax: (517) 334-9505

IN THE MATTER OF:

[redacted]

Appellant
_____/

Docket No. 2010-13172 QHP
Case No. [redacted]

DECISION AND ORDER

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 42 CFR 431.200 *et seq.,* upon the Appellant's request for a hearing.

After due notice, a hearing was held [redacted]. [redacted] (Appellant) appeared and testified on his own behalf. [redacted], represented [redacted] (the MHP). [redacted], testified as a witness for the MHP.

ISSUE

Did the Medicaid Health Plan properly deny Appellant's request for Levitra?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. Appellant is a Medicaid beneficiary enrolled in the MHP.

2. On [redacted], the MHP received a prior authorization request from Appellant's doctor for the approval of Levitra. (uncontested)

3. The MHP denied the request on [redacted]. (uncontested)

4. Effective [redacted], the Michigan Department of Community Health implemented Public Law 109-91 denying Medicaid funding for sexual or erectile dysfunction medication. (Exhibit A, page 4).

5. The MHP coverage guidelines are consistent with the MDOC policy implanting the above referenced 2005 Public Act.

6. The Appellant requested a hearing [redacted].

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

On May 30, 1997, the Department received approval from the Health Care Financing Administration, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, allowing Michigan to restrict Medicaid beneficiaries' choice to obtain medical services only from specified Medicaid Health Plans.

The Respondent is one of those Medicaid Health Plans.

> The covered services that the Contractor has available for enrollees must include, at a minimum, the covered services listed below (List omitted by Administrative Law Judge). The Contractor may limit services to those which are medically necessary and appropriate, and which conform to professionally accepted standards of care. Contractors must operate consistent with all applicable Medicaid provider manuals and publications for coverages and limitations. If new services are added to the Michigan Medicaid Program, or if services are expanded, eliminated, or otherwise changed, the Contractor must implement the changes consistent with State direction in accordance with the provisions of Contract Section 1-Z.
>
> *Article II-G, Scope of Comprehensive Benefit Package. MDCH contract (Contract) with the Medicaid Health Plans, September 30, 2004.*

> The major components of the Contractor's utilization management plan must encompass, at a minimum, the following:
>
> - Written policies with review decision criteria and procedures that conform to managed health care industry standards and processes.

- A formal utilization review committee directed by the Contractor's medical director to oversee the utilization review process.
- Sufficient resources to regularly review the effectiveness of the utilization review process and to make changes to the process as needed.
- An annual review and reporting of utilization review activities and outcomes/interventions from the review.

The Contractor must establish and use a written prior approval policy and procedure for utilization management purposes. The Contractor may not use such policies and procedures to avoid providing medically necessary services within the coverages established under the Contract. The policy must ensure that the review criteria for authorization decisions are applied consistently and require that the reviewer consult with the requesting provider when appropriate. The policy must also require that utilization management decisions be made by a health care professional who has appropriate clinical expertise regarding the service under review.

Article II-P, Utilization Management, Contract, September 30, 2004.

The MHP representative testified and provided documentation to establish that [redacted] does not cover Levitra, consistent with MDOC policy and federal law.

The Appellant testified that he is depressed and needs the medication in order to feel useful as a man. He said his condition is the result of medical condition and he cannot afford the medication himself due to his limited income. He is an SSI recipient.

The Appellant has no legal basis for gaining coverage of the medication sought. There is a prohibition against use of Medicaid funds to cover prescription medication for erectile dysfunction, regardless of the cause. Therefore, this Administrative Law Judge must uphold the denial.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that the MHP properly denied Appellant's request for Levitra.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

The Medicaid Health Plan's decision is AFFIRMED.

Jennifer Isiogu
Administrative Law Judge
for Janet Olszewski, Director
Michigan Department of Community Health

cc: [redacted]

Date Mailed: 2/12/2010

***** NOTICE *****

The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.