STATE OF MICHIGAN STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:

,

Respondent,

Reg No: 2010 10969

Issue No: 3055;3052;1052

Case No:

Load No:

Hearing Date: May 5, 2010

Wayne County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Lynn M. Ferris

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Department's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was conducted from Detroit, Michigan on May 5, 2010. The Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), MAC R 400.3130(5), or MAC R 400.3187(5). Derrick Gentry, OIG representative appeared on behalf of the Department.

ISSUE

Whether respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV) and whether the respondent received an over-issuance of benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

 The Department's Office of Inspector General (OIG) filed a hearing request to establish an over-issuance of benefits received by respondent as a result of

- respondent having committed an IPV. The OIG also requested that respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
- 2. The Respondent applied for FAP and FIP benefits on June 18, 2004.
- 3. Respondent was a recipient of FAP benefits during the period of August 1, 2004 through 1/31/06.
- 4. Respondent was a recipient of FIP benefits during the period of August 1, 2004 through January 31, 2006.
- 5. Respondent was aware of the responsibility to report a change in income and accurately reporting all income and employment earned income and had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
- Respondent did not report her employment income from Respondent began this employment, shortly after she had completed her application for FAP benefits.
- 7. The Respondent failed to report her income until she was requested to verify her income in December 2006, when a wage match disclosed the Respondent's employment.
- 8. Respondent received more FAP benefits than she was otherwise entitled during the period 8/1/04 through 1/31/2006. As a result of the failure to report her earned income and her employment, respondent committed an IPV and received an over-issuance of benefits.
- 9. As a result, respondent received FAP over-issuances in the amount of \$4047 under the FS/FAP program.

- 10. Respondent received more FIP benefits than she was otherwise entitled during the period 8/14/04 through 1/31/06. As a result of the failure to report her earned income and her employment, respondent committed an IPV and received an over-issuance of benefits.
- 11. As a result, respondent received FIP over-issuances in the amount of \$5834 under the FIP program.
- 12. The Department has established that respondent committed an IPV.
- 13. This was respondent's first Intentional Program Violation for the FS/FAP and FIP programs.
- 14. A notice of disqualification hearing was mailed to respondent at the last known address.
- 15. The Department's request for hearing, as it pertains to FIP, was mailed to respondent at the last known address and was not returned by the US Post Office.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Food Assistance Program, formerly known as the Food Stamp ("FS") program, is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations ("CFR"). The Department of Human Services ("DHS"), formally known as the Family Independence Agency, administers the FAP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq* and MAC R 400.3001-3015. Departmental policies are found in the Program Administrative Manual ("PAM"), the Program Eligibility Manual ("PEM"), and the Program Reference Manual ("PRM").

The Family Independence Program ("FIP") was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 8 USC 601, *et seq.* The Department of Human Services administers the FIP program pursuant to MCL

400.10, *et seq* and MAC R 400.3101-3131. The FIP program replaced the Aid to Dependent Children ("ADC") program effective October 1, 1996. Department policies are found in the Program Administrative Manual ("PAM"), the Program Eligibility Manual ("PEM"), and the Program Reference Manual ("PRM").

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, DHS must attempt to recoup the over issuance (OI). PAM 700, p. 1. DHS must inform clients of their reporting responsibilities and prevent OIs by following PAM 105 requirements informing the client of the requirement to promptly notify DHS of all changes in circumstances within 10 days. PAM 700, PAM 105. Incorrect, late reported or omitted information causing an OI can result in cash repayment or benefit reduction.

An Intentional Program Violation (IPV) is suspected when there is clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. PAM 720, p. 1. The Federal Food Stamp regulations read in part:

(6) Criteria for determining intentional program violation. The hearing authority shall base the determination of intentional program violation on clear and convincing evidence which demonstrates that the household member(s) committed, and intended to commit, intentional program violation as defined in paragraph (c) of this section. 7 CFR 273.16(c)(6).

The amount of the OI is the amount of benefits the group or provider actually received minus the amount the group was eligible to receive. PAM 720, p. 6.

In the present case, the Department has established that respondent was aware of the responsibility to report change in household income and her employment and correctly report household income. Respondent received more FS/FAP benefits and FIP benefits than she was otherwise entitled to receive and had no apparent limitations to fulfilling this requirement. The respondent failed to report change employment and change in income, which resulted in an over-

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issuance of FS/FAP benefits in the amount of \$4047 and an over-issuance in FIP benefits in the

amount of \$5834. As a result, respondent committed an IPV and was over-issued FS/FAP and

FIP. Under the aforementioned policy, respondent is to be disqualified from the FAP/FS and FIP

programs for a period of one (1) year. BAM 720 page 12.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of

law, finds that respondent committed an IPV with regard to the FAP program and received over-

issuances in program benefits.

It is ORDERED that respondent be disqualified from the FAP program for a period of

one (1) year.

It is ORDERED that respondent be disqualified from the FIP program for a period of one

(1) year.

It is further ORDERED that the Department recoup for over-issuances in FAP benefits in

the amount of \$4047.

It is further ORDERED that the Department recoup for over-issuances in FIP benefits in

the amount of \$5834.

Lynn M. Ferris

Administrative Law Judge

for Ismael Ahmed, Director

Department of Human Services

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Date Signed: 06/29/10

Date Mailed: 07/01/10

NOTICE: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the

respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

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