

**STATE OF MICHIGAN
STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH**

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IN THE MATTER OF:

██████████,

Appellant

_____ /

Docket No. 2009-21609 CL
Case No. ██████████

DECISION AND ORDER

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 42 CFR 431.200 *et seq.*, upon the Appellant's request for a hearing.

After due notice, a hearing was held ██████████. The Appellant, ██████████, represented herself at hearing. ██████████, represented the Department. The Department witness was ██████████.

ISSUE

Did the Department properly deny Appellant's request for diaper liners?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. The Appellant is a ██████████ female Medicaid beneficiary.
2. The Appellant has cerebral palsy. She has had her left hip removed. It is not able to be replaced. She is wheelchair bound and unable to walk. (See Testimony and Department's Exhibit A)
3. The Appellant uses a bed pan for toileting and wears adult diapers when in bed. She uses diaper liners to line a bed pan and protect her bed during her menstrual cycle. (Testimony from Appellant)
4. On ██████████, the Appellant requested prior authorization for diaper liners, through her medical supplier.
5. On ██████████, the Appellant was informed her request for diaper liners

was denied. (Department's Exhibit A, p 6)

6. On ██████████, the Appellant requested a hearing from the State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules (SOAHR).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

The Department policy for Pull-on briefs and incontinent wipes coverage is addressed in the Medicaid Provider Manual:

[2.9] Incontinent Supplies

Incontinent supplies are items used to assist individuals with the inability to control excretory functions.

The type of coverage for incontinent supplies may be dependent on the success or failure of a bowel/bladder training program. A bowel/bladder training program is defined as instruction offered to the beneficiary to facilitate:

- Independent care of bodily functions through proper toilet training.
- Appropriate self-catheter care to decrease risk of urinary infections and/or avoid bladder distention.
- Proper techniques related to routine bowel evacuation.

Diapers, incontinent pants, liners, and belted/unbelted undergarments without sides are covered for individuals age three or older if both of the following applies:

- A medical condition resulting in incontinence and there is no response to a bowel/bladder training program.
- The medical condition being treated results in incontinence, and beneficiary would not benefit from or has failed a bowel/bladder training program.

Pull-on briefs are covered for beneficiaries age 3 through 20 when there is the presence of a medical condition causing bowel/bladder incontinence, and one of the following applies:

- The beneficiary would not benefit from a bowel/bladder program but has the cognitive ability to independently care for his/her toileting needs, or
- The beneficiary is actively participating and demonstrating definitive progress in a bowel/bladder program.

Pull-on briefs are covered for beneficiaries age 21 and over when there is the presence of a medical condition causing bowel/bladder incontinence and the beneficiary is able to care for his/her toileting needs independently or with minimal assistance from a caregiver.

Pull-on briefs are considered a short-term transitional product that requires a reassessment every six months. The assessment must detail definitive progress being made in the bowel/bladder training. Pull-on briefs covered as a long-term item require a reassessment once a year. Documentation of the reassessment must be kept in the beneficiary's file.

Incontinent wipes are covered when necessary to maintain cleanliness outside of the home.

Intermittent catheters are covered when catheterization is required due to severe bladder dysfunction.

Hydrophilic-coated intermittent catheters are considered for individuals that have Mitrofanoff stomas, partial stricture or small, tortuous urethras.

Intermittent catheters with insertion supplies are covered for beneficiaries who have a chronic urinary dysfunction for which sterile technique is clinically required.

Disposable underpads are covered for beneficiaries of all ages with a medical condition resulting in incontinence.

Medicaid Provider Manual (MPM)
Medical Supplier, Version date:
July 1, 2009, pp. 39, 40

The Department witness testified that the Appellant is not proposing to use the diaper liners in the manner authorized by policy, thus they could not be covered. She stated they are covered for incontinence but not for menstrual cycles. She said there is

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coverage for large blue pads for menstrual cycles.

The Appellant did not contest the Department's assertion that she is using them for menstrual cycles rather than for incontinence. She explained why they are preferred and why they are work better than the large blue pads authorized by the Department.

The material facts are not disputed. While this ALJ sympathizes with the Appellant's plight and reasons for her request, the policy is straightforward. The liners are incontinent supplies, not feminine supplies. Medicaid coverage for liners for the purpose the Appellant wants them is not available. The Department's denial was appropriate given the Policy.

DECISION AND ORDER

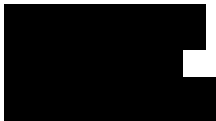
The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that the Department properly denied coverage of diaper liners.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

The Department's decision is **AFFIRMED**.

Jennifer Isiogu
Administrative Law Judge
for Janet Olszewski, Director
Michigan Department of Community Health

cc:



Date Mailed: 7/23/2009

***** NOTICE *****

The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.