STATE OF MICHIGAN STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:

,

Claimant

Reg. No: 2009-36291

Issue No: 5032

Case No:

Load No:

Hearing Date: November 3, 2009 Berrien County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Suzanne L. Keegstra

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on November 3, 2009. The claimant personally appeared and provided testimony.

ISSUE

Did the department properly deny the claimant's State Emergency Relief (SER) application for failure to return the required verification in June, 2009?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

 The claimant applied for SER on May 26, 2009. The claimant requested help with an eviction and turned in a "Notice to Quit Termination of Tenancy" to the department.
 (Department Exhibit 2). 2009-36291/SLK

- 2. The claimant was mailed a Verification Checklist (DHS-3503) on May 28, 2009, requesting the claimant provide a court-ordered eviction, summons or judgment as the notice to quit was not yet a court order. (Department Exhibit 1).
- 3. The claimant returned nothing further to the department and the department denied the claimant's SER application on June 4, 2009. (Department Exhibit 3).
 - 4. The claimant submitted a hearing request on August 6, 2009.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The State Emergency Relief (SER) program is established by 2004 PA 344. The SER program is administered pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and by final administrative rules filed with the Secretary of State on October 28, 1993. MAC R 400.7001-400.7049. Department of Human Services (DHS or department) policies are found in the State Emergency Relief Manual (SER).

Department policy states:

CLIENT OR AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE RESPONSIBILITIES

Responsibility to Cooperate

All Programs

Clients must cooperate with the local office in determining initial and ongoing eligibility. This includes completion of the necessary forms. PAM, Item 105, p. 5.

Refusal to Cooperate Penalties

All Programs

Clients who are able but refuse to provide necessary information or take a required action are subject to penalties. PAM, Item 105, p. 5.

Verifications

All Programs

Clients must take actions within their ability to obtain verifications. DHS staff must assist when necessary. See PAM 130 and PEM 702. PAM, Item 105, p. 8.

Assisting the Client

All Programs

The local office must assist clients who ask for help in completing forms (including the DCH-0733-D) or gathering verifications. Particular sensitivity must be shown to clients who are illiterate, disabled or **not** fluent in English. PAM, Item 105, p. 9. Verification is usually required at application/redetermination **and** for a reported change affecting eligibility or benefit level. PAM,

Obtaining Verification

All Programs

Item 130, p. 1.

Tell the client what verification is required, how to obtain it, and the due date (see "**Timeliness Standards**" in this item). Use the DHS-3503, Verification Checklist, or for MA redeterminations, the DHS-1175, MA Determination Notice, to request verification. PAM, Item 130, p. 2.

The client must obtain required verification, but you must assist if they need and request help. PAM, Item 130, p. 2.

Timeliness Standards

All Programs (except TMAP)

Allow the client 10 calendar days (**or** other time limit specified in policy) to provide the verification you request. If the client <u>cannot</u> provide the verification despite a reasonable effort, extend the time limit at least once. PAM, Item 130, p. 4.

Send a negative action notice when:

- the client indicates refusal to provide a verification, **or**
- the time period given has elapsed and the client has <u>not</u> made a reasonable effort to provide it. PAM, Item 130, p. 4.

DEPARTMENT POLICY

State Emergency Relief (SER) prevents serious harm to individuals and families. SER assists applicants with safe, decent, affordable housing and other essential needs when an emergency situation arises. ERM, Item 101, p. 1.

Applicant Responsibilities

Applicants must cooperate in the following:

- . The application process
- Providing verifications
- Answering all questions truthfully and completely whether written or oral

Deny SER if applicants refuse to take action, provide information within their ability, or withdraw their application. ERM, Item 102, p. 1.

ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

Authorize relocation services only if one of the following circumstances exists and all other SER criteria are met:

- The SER group is homeless, living in a shelter, a car, a transitional facility or on the street. A group living with friends or relatives is not homeless, even if the arrangement is temporary unless one of the situations below exists.
 - .. The group is living temporarily with other persons following a fire or natural disaster that occurred not more than 60 days before the date the group files an application for SER.
 - .. The group is living with other persons to escape a domestic violence situation.
- A court summons, order, or judgment was issued which will result in the SER group becoming homeless.
- . The SER group needs adequate housing to avoid a foster care placement or before a child or children can come home from foster care.

- . An DHS services worker or DHS specialist, with supervisory approval, determines the family must be relocated from unsafe housing for the protection of the children.
- The SER group receives final written notice to vacate condemned housing from a local public agency authorized to issue such an order.
- The energy MDT (Multi-Disciplinary Team) has identified the group as living in high energy housing that cannot be rehabilitated. ERM, Item 303, pp. 1-2.

The claimant applied for SER for help with paying his rent or relocation expenses. Department policy indicates that claimants are only eligible for this type of SER payment when there is a court summons, order, or judgment which has been issued and which will result in the SER group becoming homeless. ERM 303. In this case, the claimant provided the department with only a Notice to Quit, which is filed by the landlord and not a court summons, order or judgment.

In accordance with policy, the department mailed the claimant a Verification Checklist (DHS-3503) requesting a court summons, order or judgment to provide the verification necessary to establish the eligibility for SER relief. PAM 130. The claimant testified that he never got any such summons, order or judgment from the court because the landlord never filed the Notice to Quit with the court. Therefore, he never gave the department any final action from the court.

Because the department didn't have any final order which showed the claimant would result in becoming homeless, the claimant was not eligible for SER relief under policy and the department denied the claimant's application. ERM 303.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that the department properly denied the claimant's SER application as he did not provide the necessary documentation to establish eligibility for SER benefits.

Accordingly, the department's actions are UPHELD. SO ORDERED.

/s/

Suzanne L. Keegstra Administrative Law Judge for Ismael Ahmed, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: December 2, 2009

Date Mailed: December 8, 2009

NOTICE: Administrative Hearings may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hearings will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 60 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

