STATE OF MICHIGAN STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:

Claimant

Reg. No:2009-34734Issue No:2026Case No:1000Load No:1000Hearing Date:1000April 22, 20101000Chippewa County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Marlene B. Magyar

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on April 22, 2010. Claimant personally appeared and testified.

<u>ISSUE</u>

Did the department properly place claimant's Medicaid (MA) case in spend-down status

with an \$807.00 monthly deductible amount?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

(1) Claimant and his spouse reside together in

(2) At claimant's mandatory annual MA eligibility redetermination in June 2009, the department verified claimant's monthly the bad increased to

(Department Exhibit #1, pgs 7-9).

(3) After the department took into account claimant's increased income and deducted a mandatory disregard from that amount, for the of countable unearned income remained (Department Exhibit #1, pg 11).

(4) The department also considered the Protected Income Level established by policy at RFT 240, pg 1 (Department Exhibit #1, pgs 11 and 21).

(5) When the department subtracted claimant's Protected Income Level

(i.e., from the household's countable net income (i.e., make a monthly deductible obligation resulted (Department Exhibit #1, pg 11).

(6) When the department mailed written notice to claimant advising him of the household's monthly MA deductible amount, he filed a timely hearing request to dispute it (Department Exhibit #1, pgs 13-19).

(7) Claimant's hearing was held on April 22, 2010.

(8) Claimant stated at the hearing he needs full-coverage MA without a deductible because he and his wife cannot afford to personally incur \$807.00 in medical expenses per month before full-coverage MA can start in light of all their other, basic living expenses (e.g., rent, utilities, gas, food, etc.).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MCL 400.105. Department policies are found in the Program Administrative Manual (PAM), the Program Eligibility Manual (PEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

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The applicable departmental policy states:

RETIREMENT, SURVIVORS, AND DISABILITY INSURANCE (RSDI) (AKA SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS)

All Programs

RSDI is available to retired and disabled persons, their dependents, and survivors of deceased workers.

Count the gross benefit amount as unearned income. PEM, Item 500, p. 29.

In order to qualify for Group 2 MA coverage, a medically needy person must have

income which is equal to or less than the Protected Income Level. This dollar figure is a set

amount for all non-medical needs, such as food, shelter and incidental expenses. If an

individual's income exceeds the Protected Income Level, the excess amount must be used to pay

medical expenses before Group 2 MA coverage can begin. This expense is known as a monthly

"deductible."

Specifically, the department's policies relating to deductible cases are as follows:

MA GROUP 2 INCOME ELIGIBILITY

Deductible

Deductible is a process which allows a client with excess income to become eligible for Group 2 MA if sufficient allowable medical expenses are incurred.

Active Deductible

Open an MA case without ongoing Group 2 MA coverage on CIMS as long as:

- . The fiscal group has excess income, and
- At least one fiscal group member meets all other Group 2 MA eligibility factors.

Such cases are called active deductible cases. Periods of MA coverage are added on CIMS each time the group meets it deductible.

Deductible Period

Each calendar month is a separate spend-down period.

Deductible Amount

The fiscal group's monthly excess income is called a deductible amount. PEM 545, pp. 8-9.

Meeting a Deductible

Meeting a deductible means reporting and verifying allowable medical expenses (defined in "**EXHIBIT I**") that equal or exceed the deductible amount for the calendar month tested. PEM, Item 545, p. 9.

The group must report expenses by the last day of the third month following the month for which it wants MA coverage. PAM 130 explains verification and timeliness standards. PEM, Item 545. p. 9.

PROCESSING CHANGES

The group must report changes in circumstances within 10 days. Review the group's eligibility when a change that may affect eligibility is reported. PEM, Item 545, p. 10.

Apply changes for the corresponding period as follows if MA coverage has been authorized. PEM, Item 545, p. 11.

Expenses Reported After Coverage Authorized

Do not alter the MA eligibility begin date if you have already authorized coverage on CIMS. However, any expenses the group reports that were incurred from the first of such a month, through the day before the MA eligibility begin date might be countable as old bills. PEM, Item 545, p. 10.

EXHIBIT I - MEDICAL EXPENSES

A **medical expense** must be incurred for a medical service listed below. Except for some transportation, the actual charge(s) minus

liable third party resource payments counts as an allowable expense. However, not all sources of payment are considered liable third party resources. See "THIRD PARTY RESOURCES, EXHIBIT 1A."

Note: A charge <u>cannot</u> be incurred until the service is provided. PEM, Item 545, p. 12.

Count allowable expenses incurred during the month you are determining eligibility for, whether paid or unpaid. You may also count certain **unpaid** expenses from prior months that have not been used to establish MA eligibility. See "**OLD BILLS**, **EXHIBIT 1B**". PEM, Item 545, p. 13.

Medical Services

Medical services include the following:

- . Cost of a Diabetes Patient Education program
- . Service animal (e.g., guide dog) or service animal maintenance
- . Personal care services in home, AFC, or HA (See "EXHIBIT 1D")
- . Transportation *for any medical reason

PEM, Item 545, p. 13.

- Medical service(s) provided by any of the following:
 - .. Anesthetist. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
 - .. Clubhouse psychosocial rehabilitation programs
 - .. Chiropractor. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Christian Science practitioner nurse or sanatorium. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Certified nurse-midwife. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- **..** Dentist. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- **.** Family planning clinic. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.

- .. Hearing aid dealer. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Hearing and speech center. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Home health agency. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Hospice. (See "EXHIBIT III"). PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Hospital. (See "EXHIBIT IC"). PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Laboratory. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Long-term care facility. (See "EXHIBIT IC"). PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Maternal support services provider. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Medical clinic. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Medical supplier**. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Mental health clinic. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Nurse. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Occupational therapist. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Ophthalmologist. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Optometrist. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Oral surgeon. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Orthodontist. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- **..** Pharmacist***. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Physical therapist. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- **.** Physician (M.D. or D.O.). PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Podiatrist. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Psychiatric hospital. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.

- .. Psychiatrist. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Psychologist. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Radiologist. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Speech therapist. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Substance abuse treatment services provider. PEM, Item 545, p. 13.
- .. Visiting nurse. PEM, Item 545, p. 14.
 - * Includes ambulance at actual cost and other transportation for medical services at the rates in PAM 825. Includes clients driving themselves for episodic and pharmacy trips at the rate they are paid in PAM 825 for chronic ongoing trips. PEM, Item 545, p. 14.
 - ** Includes purchase, repair and rental of supplies, such as:
- Prosthetic devices
- Orthopedic shoes
- . Wheelchairs
- Walkers
- . Crutches
- Equipment to administer oxygen
- Personal response system (e.g., Lifeline Emergency Services)

PEM, Item 545, p. 14.

*** Includes:

- . Legend drugs (i.e., only obtained by prescription)
- Aspirin, ibuprofen and acetaminophen drug products
 - .. prescribed by a doctor, and
 - .. dispensed by a pharmacy
- . Non-legend drugs and supplies, such as:
 - .. Insulin
 - .. Needles
 - .. Syringes
 - .. Drugs for the treatment of renal (kidney) diseases

- .. Family planning drugs and supplies
- .. Ostomy supplies
- .. Oxygen
- .. Surgical supplies
- .. Nicotine patches and gum
- .. Incontinence supplies

PEM, Item 545, p. 14.

It does not include medicine chest and first aid supplies, such as:

- . Band-Aids
- . Alcohol
- . Cotton swabs
- . Nonprescription cold remedies
- . Ointments
- . Thermometers

PEM, Item 545, p. 14.

Claimant and his spouse are required to be in the same fiscal group when assessing MA eligibility. Therefore, the inclusion of claimant's monthly unearned income into the MA budget is required by policy. BEM Item 500. Unfortunately for claimant, the imposition of a deductible is inevitable in his case. Additionally, this Administrative Law Judge has reviewed the department's budgeting process and she finds all calculations were properly made. Consequently, the department's MA deductible must be upheld because it is in complete compliance with the department's policies, and with the governing laws and regulations on which those policies are based.

Claimant's grievance centers on dissatisfaction with the department's current policy. Claimant's request is not within the scope of authority delegated to this Administrative Law Judge pursuant to a written directive signed by the Department of Human Services Director, which states: Administrative Law Judges have no authority to make decisions on constitutional grounds, overrule statutes, overrule promulgated regulations or overrule or make exceptions to the department policy set out in the program manuals.

Furthermore, administrative adjudication is an exercise of executive power rather than

judicial power, and restricts the granting of equitable remedies. Michigan Mutual Liability Co.

v Baker, 295 Mich 237; 294 NW 168 (1940).

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions

of law, decides the department properly determined claimant's MA case must be placed in

deductible status with an \$807.00 monthly deductible amount.

Accordingly, the department's actions are AFFIRMED.

<u>/s/</u>____

Marlene B. Magyar Administrative Law Judge for Ismael Ahmed, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: <u>May 10, 2010</u>

Date Mailed: <u>May 11, 2010</u>

NOTICE: Administrative Hearings may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hearings will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

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