### STATE OF MICHIGAN STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

## ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:

Claimant

Reg No:2009-25140Issue No:3000Case No:1000Load No:1000Hearing Date:1000July 15, 2009Wayne County

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Jeanne M. VanderHeide

## HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon the Claimant's request for hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was conducted from Detroit, Michigan on July 15, 2009. The Claimant was present and testified. Psauntia Andrews, ES Worker, appeared on behalf of the Department.

# **ISSUE**

Whether the Department properly closed Claimant's FIP case on 5/19/09 due to Claimant's failure to attend Work First?

# FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. Claimant was a FIP recipient.
- 2. Claimant's FIP case was closed on 5/19/09 for failure to attend Work First.
- The Department agreed to delete the 5/7/09 negative action and reopen the case and Claimant agreed to attend Work First.

4. As a result of this agreement, Claimant indicated that she no longer wished to proceed with a hearing.

#### CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) (formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program) is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the FAP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3001-3015. Department policies are found in the Program Administrative Manual (PAM), the Program Eligibility Manual (PEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

Under Program Administrative Manual Item 600, clients have the right to contest any agency decision affecting eligibility or benefit levels whenever they believe the decision is illegal. The agency provides an Administrative Hearing to review the decision and determine if it is appropriate. Agency policy includes procedures to meet the minimal requirements for a fair hearing. Efforts to clarify and resolve the client's concerns start when the agency receives a hearing request and continues through the day of the hearing.

In the present case the Department has agreed to reopen Claimant's case from the date of closure 5/19/09, delete the negative action of 5/7/09, and supplement the Claimant for any FIP benefits that she was entitled to receive from that time period. The Claimant has agreed to attend Work First. As a result of this agreement, Claimant indicated she no longer wished to proceed with the hearing. Since the Claimant and the Department have come to an agreement, it is unnecessary for this Administrative Law Judge to make a decision regarding the facts and issues in this case.

2

## DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the findings of fact and conclusions of law,

finds that the Department and Claimant have come to a settlement regarding claimant's request

for a hearing.

Accordingly it is ORDERED:

- 1. The Department shall delete the negative action of 5/7/09 and reopen claimant's case from the date of closure, 5/19/09.
- 2. The Department shall supplement the Claimant for any lost benefits she was otherwise entitled to receive.
- 3. The Claimant shall attend Work First as required by Department policy

<u>/s/</u>

Jeanne M. VanderHeide Administrative Law Judge for Ismael Ahmed, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: 08/06/09

Date Mailed: <u>08/06/09</u>

**NOTICE:** Administrative Hearings may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hearings will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

JV/dj

