STATE OF MICHIGAN STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:

Claimant

Reg. No: 2009-22102 Issue No: 2026 Case No: Load No: Hearing Date: July 8, 2009 Genesee County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Janice Spodarek

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9; and MCL 400.37 upon claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, an in-person hearing was held on July 8, 2009.

<u>ISSUE</u>

Did the Department of Human Services (DHS) properly change claimant's MA case to a deductible effective 31/09?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

 At all relevant times prior to the negative action herein, claimant was an MA recipient on the basis of disability (MA-P).

(2) In January, 2009, claimant's MA case was reviewed. At review, verification indicated that claimant began to receive RSDI income in the amount of \$432 per month due to her turning 62,. Claimant's spouse receives \$1,012 in RSDI income.

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(3) The department re-calculated the MA budget. The budget indicates that claimant's eligibility went from full MA to a deductible/spend-down of \$959. Exhibits 19-21.

- (4) On 1/30/09, the department issued notice.
- (5) On 3/1/09, claimant's case transferred to a deductible/spend-down.
- (6) On 4/30/09, claimant filed a hearing request.
- (7) Claimant's expenses exceed her income.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by Title XIX of the Social Security

Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department

of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10,

et seq., and MCL 400.105. Department policies are found in the Program Administrative Manual

(PAM), the Program Eligibility Manual (PEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

Deductible/spend-down policy and procedure states in part:

MA GROUP 2 INCOME ELIGIBILITY

Deductible

Deductible is a process which allows a client with excess income to become eligible for Group 2 MA if sufficient allowable medical expenses are incurred.

Active Deductible

Open an MA case without ongoing Group 2 MA coverage on CIMS as long as:

- The fiscal group has excess income, and
- At least one fiscal group member meets all other Group 2 MA eligibility factors.

Such cases are called active deductible cases. Periods of MA coverage are added on CIMS each time the group meets it deductible.

Deductible Period

Each calendar month is a separate spend-down period.

Deductible Amount

The fiscal group's monthly excess income is called a deductible amount. PEM 545, pp. 8-9.

The group must report expenses by the last day of the third month following the month for which it wants MA coverage. PAM 130 explains verification and timeliness standards. PEM, Item 545. p. 9.

Redetermination

You must redetermine eligibility for active deductible cases at least every 12 months unless the group has not met its deductible within the past three months. PEM, Item 545, p. 9.

COUNTABLE INCOME

For all persons in this item, determine countable income as follows:

RSDI, Railroad Retirement and U.S. Civil Service and Federal Employee Retirement System

Use the countable amount per PEM 500 and 530. Deduct Medicare premiums actually withheld by:

- .. including the L/H patient's premium along with other health insurance premiums, and
- •• subtracting the premium for others (example, the community spouse) from their unearned income.

Exception: Do **not** use the following special exclusion policies regarding RSDI. These policies only apply to eligibility, **not** post-eligibility patient-pay amounts.

- .. PEM 155, "503 COUNTABLE RSDI"
- .. PEM 156, "COUNTABLE RSDI"
- .. PEM 157, "COUNTABLE RSDI"
- .. PEM 158, "COUNTABLE RSDI"

Note: The checks of clients on Buy-In increase about 3 months after Buy-In is initiated. Re-compute the PPA when the client's check actually changes. PAM 810 has information about Buy-In. PEM, Item 546, pp. 1-2.

Regarding the protected income level, policy states:

Net income (countable income minus allowable income deductions) must be at or below a certain income limit for eligibility to exist. PEM 105. Income eligibility exists when net income does not exceed the Group 2 needs in PEM 544. PEM 166. The protected income level is a set allowance for non-medical need items such as shelter, food and incidental expenses. PRT 240 lists the Group 2 MA protected income levels based on shelter area and fiscal group size. PEM 544. An eligible Medical Assistance group (Group 2 MA) has income the same as or less than the "protected income level" as set forth in the policy contained in the Program Reference Table (PRT). An individual or MA group whose income is in excess of the monthly protected income level is ineligible to receive MA. However, a MA group may become eligible for assistance under the deductible program. The deductible program is a process, which allows a client with excess income to be eligible for MA, if sufficient allowable medical expenses are incurred. Each calendar month is a separate deductible period. The fiscal group's monthly excess income is called the deductible amount. Meeting a deductible means reporting and verifying allowable medical expenses that equal or exceed the deductible amount for the calendar month. The MA group must report expenses by the last day of the third month following the month it wants medical coverage. PEM 545; 42 CFR 435.831.

General income policy and procedure is found in PEM Item 500.

In this case, the purview of an Administrative Law Judge is to review the department's actions and to make a determination if those actions are correct under its policy and procedure. This Administrative Law Judge has reviewed the department's case and finds that the department correctly calculated claimant's eligibility. It is unfortunate that claimant went from a full MA case to such a high deductible for herself and her spouse due to the change from SSI to RSDI.

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However, this Administrative Law Judge has determined that the department has made no error and has correctly calculated the claimant's eligibility.

With regards to claimant's request to have this Administrative Law Judge make an exception on her part, Administrative Law Judges have no equitable powers. The claimant's request is not within the scope of authority delegated to this Administrative Law Judge pursuant to a written directive signed by the Department of Human Services Director, which states:

Administrative Law Judges have no authority to make decisions on constitutional grounds, overrule statutes, overrule promulgated regulations or overrule or make exceptions to the department policy set out in the program manuals.

Furthermore, administrative adjudication is an exercise of executive power rather than judicial power, and restricts the granting of equitable remedies. *Michigan Mutual Liability Co. v Baker*, 295 Mich 237; 294 NW 168 (1940).

For these reasons, and for the reasons stated above, the department's actions must be

upheld.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions

of law, decides that the department's actions were correct.

Accordingly, the department's calculation of claimant's spend-down is hereby UPHELD.

<u>/s/</u>___

Janice Spodarek Administrative Law Judge for Ismael Ahmed, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: July 28, 2009

Date Mailed: July 29, 2009

NOTICE: Administrative Hearings may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hearings will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the mailing date of the rehearing decision.

JS/cv

