

STATE OF MICHIGAN  
STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE  
DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF: [REDACTED],  
Claimant

Reg. No: 2009-10754  
Issue No: 1025/2006/3008  
Case No: [REDACTED]  
Load No: [REDACTED]  
Hearing Date:  
February 26, 2009  
Macomb County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Marlene B. Magyar

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 upon claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on February 26, 2009. Claimant personally appeared.

ISSUE

Did the department properly impose child support sanctions on claimant's public assistance case (MA Caretaker Relative/FIP/FAP)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

(1) On August 6, 2008, a Support Specialist (SS) from the department's Office Child Support (OCS) mailed a Noncompliance Notice (OCS-1252B) to claimant (Department Exhibit #1).

(2) This notice warned claimant her failure to cooperate with OCS in providing any identifying information about her newborn daughter's father for purposes of establishing his paternity and his child support obligation would result in sanctions on her public assistance issuances (MA/FIP/FAP).

(3) Claimant requested a hearing to dispute these sanctions, specifically, the closure of her FIP case, MA discontinuation for claimant and a reduced FAP grant due to the department's withdrawal of claimant's needs from the monthly household allotment (only minor(s) remained eligible).

(4) Claimant's hearing was held on February 26, 2009.

(5) Claimant stated at hearing she conceived during a random, one-time sex episode with a man she never saw again and knew nothing about secondary to her excessive alcohol ingestion during a barhopping episode with girlfriends one night in October 2007.

(6) Claimant's daughter was born the following August (8/16/08), and claimant stated at her February 26, 2009 hearing she planned to return to her pre-pregnancy cleaning job the next week.

(7) Claimant stated this unknown man promptly left her after hotel sex and she did not even get his last name.

#### CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MCL 400.105. Department policies are found in the Program Administrative

Manual (PAM), the Program Eligibility Manual (PEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 8 USC 601, *et seq.* The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the FIP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3101-3131. The FIP program replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996. Department policies are found in the Program Administrative Manual (PAM), the Program Eligibility Manual (PEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) (formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program) is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the FAP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3001-3015. Department policies are found in the Program Administrative Manual (PAM), the Program Eligibility Manual (PEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

The applicable departmental policy states:

**DEPARTMENT PHILOSOPHY**

Families are strengthened when children's needs are met. Parents have a responsibility to meet their children's needs by providing support and/or cooperating with the department including the Office of Child Support (OCS), the Friend of the Court and the prosecuting attorney to establish paternity and/or obtain support from an absent parent. PEM 255, p. 1.

## **DEPARTMENT POLICY**

### **FIP, CDC Income Eligible, MA and FAP**

Clients must comply with all requests for action or information needed to establish paternity and/or obtain child support on behalf of children for whom they receive assistance, unless a claim of good cause for not cooperating has been granted or is pending.

Absent parents are required to support their children. Support includes **all** the following:

- . Child support
- . Medical support
- . Payment for medical care from any third party.

**Note:** For purposes of this item, a parent who does not live with the child due solely to the parent's active duty in a uniformed service of the U.S. is considered to be living in the child's home.

Failure to cooperate without good cause results in disqualification. Disqualification includes member removal, denial of program benefits, and/or case closure, depending on the program.

**Exception:** A pregnant woman who fails to cooperate may still be eligible for MA.

## **FIP**

All rights to past, current and future child support paid for a FIP recipient must be assigned to the state as a condition of FIP eligibility. Spousal support included in a child support order must also be assigned. PEM 255, p. 1.

## **COOPERATION**

### **FIP, CDC Income Eligible, MA and FAP**

Cooperation is a condition of eligibility. The following persons in the eligible group are required to cooperate in establishing paternity and obtaining support, unless good cause has been granted or is pending.

- . Grantee and spouse.
- . Specified relative/person acting as a parent and spouse.

- Parent of the child for whom paternity and/or support action is required.

Cooperation is required in all phases of the process to establish paternity and obtain support and includes **all** of the following:

- Contacting the SS when requested.
- Providing all known information about the absent parent.
- Appearing at the office of the prosecuting attorney when requested.
- Taking any actions needed to establish paternity and obtain child support (e.g., testifying at hearings or obtaining blood tests).

### **FIP**

Cooperation includes repaying to the department any court-ordered support payments received after the payment effective date.

### **MA**

Cooperation is required for an active deductible case once the first period of MA coverage is authorized. This requirement continues as long as the case is active and includes periods for which MA coverage is **not** authorized. PEM 255, p. 8.

### **Support Specialist Determines Cooperation**

#### **FIP, CDC Income Eligible, MA and FAP**

The SS determines cooperation for required support actions. He/she will notify you of failure to cooperate.

**Exception:** You determine noncooperation for failure to return court-ordered support payments received after the payment effective date.

Cooperation is assumed unless and until you are notified of non-cooperation by OCS. The noncooperation continues until you are notified of cooperation by OCS or cooperation is no longer an eligibility factor. PEM 255, pp. 8-9.

## **SUPPORT DISQUALIFICATION**

### **FIP, CDC Income Eligible, MA and FAP**

You will be notified of a client's failure to cooperate by the SS or the child support noncooperation report. Start the support disqualification procedure upon receipt of this notice.

Do **not** impose the disqualification if any of the following occur during the negative action period:

- . You are notified by OCS that the client has cooperated.
- . The case closes for another reason.
- . The noncooperative person leaves the group.
- . Support/paternity action is no longer a factor in the child's eligibility (e.g., the child leaves the group).
- . **For disqualifications based on failure to return court-ordered support**, the client cooperates with the requirement of returning court-ordered support payments or the support order is certified. PEM 255, p. 9.

### **Support Disqualification At Application**

#### **FIP, CDC Income Eligible, MA and FAP**

Impose a support disqualification at application if:

- . There is a notice of noncooperation in the case record or the client appears on the noncooperation report; and
- . There is **not** a subsequent notice that the noncooperating member has cooperated; and
- . Support/paternity action is still a factor in the child's eligibility; and
- . Good cause has not been granted nor is a claim pending (see "GOOD CAUSE FOR NOT COOPERATING" in this item).

**Note:** If client is cooperating at reapplication, but has not served the minimum one-month penalty for FIP, determine FIP eligibility for the month following the penalty month. PEM 255, p. 10.

## **FIP Disqualification**

### **FIP**

Any individual required to cooperate, who fails to cooperate without good cause, causes group ineligibility for a minimum of one month.

### **Application Denial**

Deny FIP if any member required to cooperate has been determined noncooperative without good cause.

### **FIP Closure**

Close FIP for a minimum of one calendar month when any member required to cooperate has been determined noncooperative with child support. Begin the disqualification effective with the first day of a month. (See “How Do I?” for specific instructions.)

Offer an in-person contact by home call, local office appointment or at a location mutually agreed upon by the client and worker during the negative action period. Encourage cooperation and make sure the person understands the consequences of his/her noncooperation during this contact. See PEM 200.

Determine continuing MA eligibility for all group members as part of the FIP closure process. A disqualified pregnant woman may still be eligible for MA. See “MA Member Disqualification” below. PEM 255, pp. 10-11.

## **MA Member Disqualification**

### **MA**

Failure to cooperate without good cause results in a disqualification. The person who failed to cooperate is **not** eligible for MA when:

- . the child for whom support/paternity action is required receives MA, **and**
- . the person and child live together.

**Exception:** Do **not** begin or continue a disqualification for failure to cooperate when a pregnant woman meets all other eligibility factors. Apply this exception:

- . During the pregnancy, **and**
- . For two (2) calendar months after the month the pregnancy ends. PEM 255, p. 10.

### **Removing a Support Disqualification**

#### **FIP, CDC Income Eligible, MA and FAP**

Ask a disqualified person at application, redetermination or reinstatement if he/she is willing to cooperate. A disqualified person may indicate willingness to cooperate at any time.

Do **not** restore benefits to a disqualified person or reopen FIP or CDC income eligibility until the noncooperating person cooperates or support/paternity action is no longer needed. End the disqualification when:

- . You are notified by OCS that the client has cooperated, or
- . Support/paternity action is no longer a factor in the child's eligibility (e.g., child leaves the group), or
- . For **FIP only**, the client cooperates with the requirement of returning court-ordered support payments, or the support order has been certified.

For **FIP and FAP only**, make sure that the minimum one-month disqualification has been served before restoring benefits or reopening. PEM 255, p. 12.

Claimant's position at hearing was that she cooperated with the department's Support Specialist because she disclosed the first name her daughter's father used during their encounter and she provided a physical description of him, which was purportedly everything she knew.

This Administrative Law Judge finds claimant's position untenable.



At the time of the sexual encounter at issue, claimant was 31 years old. Furthermore, she demonstrated at least average intelligence, having a general equivalency education (GED) and some medical assistant training. Under these circumstances, this Administrative Law Judge finds claimant's denial about having any concrete information about her daughter's father to be sorely lacking in credibility. Whether uttered to keep a disinterested/undeserving parent out of her child's life, or for the purpose of releasing him from any parental responsibility while she continued to receive public assistance benefits, this Administrative Law Judge cannot, in good conscience, find claimant fully cooperated in establishing paternity as required by the above-referenced rules. Furthermore, the credible evidence of record establishes the department's staff followed those rules to the letter in this case. As such, absolutely no basis exists to reverse the department's noncooperation sanctions.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides the department properly imposed child support sanctions on claimant's public assistance case.

Accordingly, the department's actions are AFFIRMED.

/s/ \_\_\_\_\_  
Marlene B. Magyar  
Administrative Law Judge  
for Ismael Ahmed, Director  
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: March 2, 2010

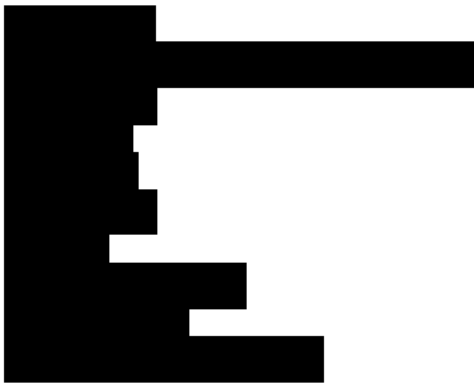
Date Mailed: March 3, 2010

**NOTICE:** Administrative Hearings may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hearings will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

MBM/db

cc:

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