

STATE OF MICHIGAN
STATE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE
DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF: [REDACTED]
Claimant

Reg. No: 2007-29883
Issue No: 2009
Case No: [REDACTED]
Load No: [REDACTED]
Hearing Date:
March 13, 2008
Kent County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Janice Spodarek

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9; and MCL 400.37 upon claimant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held.

ISSUE

Did the Department of Human Services (DHS) properly deny claimant's Medical Assistance (MA-P) application?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- (1) On 6/18/07, claimant applied for MA-P with the Michigan DHS.
- (2) Claimant did not apply for retro MA.
- (3) On 7/19/07, the MRT denied.
- (4) On 7/25/07, the DHS issued notice.

- (5) On 8/27/07, claimant filed a hearing request.
- (6) Claimant has been denied SSI by the Social Security Administration (SSA).

Claimant has had a final determination by SSA. None of the exceptions apply.

- (7) On 12/4/07, the State Hearing Review Team (SHRT) denied claimant.
- (8) As of the date of application, claimant was a 40-year-old male standing 5' 10" tall and weighing 150 pounds. Claimant has a GED education.

(9) Claimant does have an alcohol abuse problem and history. Claimant testified that he is "an alcoholic" but does not drink as heavily as he used to.

(10) Claimant does not have a driver's license. It was revoked in the 1990's due to DUI offenses.

(11) Claimant is not currently working. Claimant last worked in May, 2007. Claimant's work history is unskilled.

(12) Claimant alleges disability on the basis of a subdural bleed, seizure and a fractured vertebrae.

(13) The 12/4/07 SHRT decision is adopted and incorporated by reference to the following extent:

... [REDACTED] after being assaulted with a pipe. Claimant was intoxicated and did not completely recall all the events. Had an intracranial bleed and taken to OR for craniotomy. CT scan revealed fracture of thoracic vertebrae #1. Exhibit #1. On exam, tenderness to palpitation at C7-T1 and T6-7 level. No obvious deformity. Poor range of motion in all joints without pain. No tenderness to palpitation in any extremities. Had a 5/5 motor function... Sensation intact. Deep tendon reflexes 1+ throughout including biceps, triceps, brachioradialis, patellar and Achilles'-equal bilaterally. No Babinski. No clonus. Exhibit 100. Has a history of alcohol abuse. Exhibit 95. Started on Phenobarbital for alcohol addiction/withdrawal. Exhibit 93. Denied per lack of duration.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MCL 400.105. Department policies are found in the Program Administrative Manual (PAM), the Program Eligibility Manual (PEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program which provides financial assistance for disabled persons is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department of Human Services (DHS or department) administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and MAC R 400.3151-400.3180. Department policies are found in the Program Administrative Manual (PAM), the Program Eligibility Manual (PEM) and the Program Reference Manual (PRM).

Statutory authority for the SDA program states in part:

- (b) A person with a physical or mental impairment which meets federal SSI disability standards, except that the minimum duration of the disability shall be 90 days. Substance abuse alone is not defined as a basis for eligibility.

Prior to any substantive review, jurisdiction is paramount. Applicable to the case herein, policy states:

Final SSI Disability Determination

SSA's determination that disability or blindness does **not** exist for SSI purposes is **final** for MA if:

- . The determination was made after 1/1/90, **and**
- . No further appeals may be made at SSA, **or**
- . The client failed to file an appeal at any step within SSA's 60-day limit, **and**
- . The client is **not** claiming:

- .. A totally different disabling condition than the condition SSA based its determination on, **or**
- .. An additional impairment(s) or change or deterioration in his condition that SSA has **not** made a determination on.

Eligibility for MA based on disability or blindness does **not** exist once SSA's determination is **final**. PEM, Item 260, pp. 2-3.

Relevant federal regulations are found at 42 CFR Part 435. These regulations provide:

“An SSA disability determination is binding on an agency until the determination is changed by the SSA.” 42 CFR 435.541(a)(b)(i). These regulations further provide: “If the SSA determination is changed, the new determination is also binding on the agency.” 42 CFR 435.541(a)(b)(ii).

In this case, there is apparently no dispute relative to the facts. Claimant's claim was considered by SSA and benefits denied. The determination was final. Claimant is alleging the same impairments. None of the exceptions apply.

For these reasons, under the above-cited policy and federal law, this Administrative Law Judge has no jurisdiction to proceed with a substantive review. The department's denial must be upheld.

As noted above, should the SSA change its determination, then the new determination would also be binding on the DHS.

In the alternative, it is noted that should the sequential analysis be applied, this Administrative Law Judge concurs with the SHRT conclusions and decision of its 12/4/07 analysis. Claimant does not meet duration pursuant to 20 CFR 416.909.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that the department's actions were correct.

Accordingly, the department's determination in this matter is UPHELD.

/s/

Janice Spodarek
Administrative Law Judge
for Ismael Ahmed, Director
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: June 26, 2009

Date Mailed: June 29, 2009

NOTICE: Administrative Hearings may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. Administrative Hearings will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request.

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the mailing of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the mailing date of the rehearing decision.

JS/cv

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